In today's Jordan Times...

- Photos of the UNRWA run: Page 2 • Archaeologists set to swarm over Jerash:
- Indira Gandhi faces challenges: Page 4 • Trees to become cash crops: Page 5
- 1988 Olympics set for S. Korea: Page 7 Pakistani commandos foil Sikh hijack:



Today's Weather

It will be slightly cooler, with some low clouds and northwesterly moderate to fresh winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate to fresh, with some dust disturbance.

Overnight High 28 34

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30, Aqaba 36, Humidity readings; Amman 29 per cent, Aqaba 30 per cent.

Volume 6, Number 1773

Religious iolidays ixed

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (J.T.) — Wednesday, Oct. 7, will be the day on which Muslim pilgrims ngregate on Mount Arafa ear Mecca on the eve of the Eid Al Adha holiday. The boliay will start on the following ay, Thursday Oct. 8, accordag to the Islamic chief justice, beikh Ibrahim Al Oattan.

On the occasion, all govrument departments and ublic institutions will be closed rom Wednesday, Oct. 7 brough Sunday, Oct. 11.

Stock market ally tails off

...₩ YORK, Sept. 30 (R) -he rally on world stock marets tailed off today as prices irred in most European s and Wall Street amid iack demand and slower tradig. On the New York Stock exchange, the Dow Jones

dustrial average was off 2.57 t 845.32 points at lunchtime, declines outnumbered ivances seven to five in quiet ading. The market had recouped 24 points in the past vo days, raising hopes that it as pulling out of the fourh slide which undermined dence elsewhere.

Paris authorises nuclear programme

ARIS Sept. 30 (R) - The rench government today uthorised the construction of ix 1,300-megawatt nuclear ower plants over the next two vears, an Elysee Palace spokesman said. The new nucear power plants will save the quivalent of nine million onnes of oil a year, electricity oard officials said. During his lection campaign Mr. Miterrand pledged to review the rivil nuclear programme which he described as "excessive, even dangerous."

Indonesian Muslims denounce Cairo rackdown

IAKARTA, Sept. 30 (R) — A group of 20 prominent ndonesian Muslims today iccused Egyptian President Anwar Sadat of victimising viuslims in his country for political benefit. The group, which includes 15 members of the 460-seat Indonesian parliament, said in a signed statement that the recent arrest of Muslims and others in Egypt ordered by President Sadat was aimed at suppressing the aspirations of his own people. President Sadat should not make the Muslim society a capegoat in his political camaign. We are convinced that Egyptian Muslims will not take any action that can cause damage to their national interests," the statement said.

PLO spokesman raps Thatcher's remarks in Kuwait

DAMASCUS, Sept. 30 (R) --A spokesman for the Palestine Liberation Organisation PLO) here has strongly critiised remarks by British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher bout the PLO and has accused Britain hypocricy and blackmail, Abdul Mohsen Abu Maizar told reporters here last night that remarks by Mrs. Thatcher in Kuwait on Sunday were shameful, false and provocative. Mrs. Thatcher had aid her government did not ave high-level talks with the "LO because of its "assocition with terrorism." Mr. Abu Maizar, whose comments were published here today, said: We will hold Britain responsle for endangering peace and acurity in the Middle East should it continue adopting a. policy of hypocricy and blackAMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY OCTOBER 1-2, 1981 — DUL HIJJA 3-4, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Disabled on the 'run' funds for the agency's programmes for Palestinian young disabled 'runners' scoot around the

Haig moves to save AWACS

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 30 (A.P.) — In a surprise move, Secretary of State Alexander Haig cancelled meetings with six foreign ministers here today and returned to Washington in what clearly was a last-ditch effort to try to save the AWACS aircraft sale to Saudi Arabia.

charges by the White House of the administration's effort to negotiate a compromise arrangement with the Saudis that will meet demands of many lawmakers that the United States retain some control over the AWACS. Without such assurances, the sale appears sure to be blocked.

It was understood there were Tunisia, Syria and Pakistan. All of high-level staff meetings here dur-

Mr. Haig has been put back in ing the night on the AWACS question. 'We're taking it hour by hour." said one senior administration

> AWACS sale prior to Mr. Haig's departure. Mr. Haig had been scheduled to meet at the United Nations today with the foreign ministers of Canada, Mexico, Portugal.

> official commented on the

these meetings were cancelled.

An official, who did not want to be identified, said Mr. Haig would try to reschedule later.

Mr. Haig already was scheduled to testify tomorrow on the AWACS sale before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Nabulsi raps anti-PLO moves at World Bank, Monetary Fund

bloc at the annual meeting of the World Bank and IMF.

observer at the United Nations, applied for the same status in the bank and the fund two years ago. Mr. Nabulsi noted that the application has been supported by virtually all the developing countries.

The United States has led an effort to bloc PLO membership on grounds that it is a political and

An official said be plans to return to New York tomorrow evening for a final round of meetings in connection with the current session of the U.N. General Assembly. One late addition to his Friday schedule may be a meeting with Saudi Arabia's foreign minister, but U.S. officials said such a meeting isn't yet definite.

Meanwhile, the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee Chairman said today the Reagan administration's policy on weapon sales abroad may spur dangerous arms competition in the Third World and hurt the readiness of U.S. forces by depleting American military stocks.

Representative Clement Zablocki charged that Mr. Reagan's Democrat said.

policy "only acknowledges the potential benefits and disregards the negative implications of the arms transfers abroad.

This represents "a fundamental shift away from the past administration's emphasis on restraint in conventional arms transfers and toward a policy of active promotion and encouragement of arms sales abroad." he said.

This is likely to result in "sales that could trigger regional arms races, exacerbate the already limited personnel and financial resources of developing countries, and reduce U.S. readiness by depleting stocks earmarked for U.S. forces," the Wisconsin

Khomeini loses four top military aides

refugees. Story and more photos on page 2.

LONDON, Sept. 30 (R) - Four Iranian military leaders, including the defence minister and the acting chief of staff, were killed in a plane crash as they returned from the Gulf war battlefront, Tehran

track at UNRWA's Amman Training Centre dur-

ng a 'Sponsored Run' on Wednesday to raise

Radio reported today.
Their air force C-130 Hercules transport, which was also carrying dead and wounded from the front, crashed on open ground near Tehran yesterday, the radio said. The dead included Defence Minister Col. Musa Namju, Act-

ing Chief of Staff Gen. Valiollah

Falahi, the acting commander of

the revolutionary guards iden-

Commonwealth leaders began

summit talks today with calls for a

fair deal for the Third World and

strong united action against South

Presidents, prime ministers and

top officials from 41 governments

were urged by Zimbabwe to act

firmly to prevent "naked acts of

aggression" by the Pretoria gov-

Robert Mugabe told them: "The

friendly posture taken by the

Reagan administration towards

South Africa is a cause for grave

concern to the whole African con-

Meanwhile, Australian dip-

lomats worked behind the scenes

to neutralise a row which loomed

between African leaders and New

Zealand over sporting contacts

Mr. Mugabe, in his first appear-

ance at a Commonwealth summit,

voiced strong suspicion of U.S.-

with South Africa.

Zimbabwe's Prime Minister

Africa's racial policies.

emment.

tinent."

Javad Fakuri, former air force chief. The crew and four surgeons

tified only as Kolahduz, and Col.

attending war wounded on the plane were also feared killed. Tehran newspapers published pictures of the aircraft showing the tailplane missing and the fuselage badly damaged. An armed forces spokesman

said the plane carried the bodies of about 30 soldiers but few passengers other than the military leaders and doctors. The radio, quoting a statement

by the presidential council, said

Commonwealth focuses on Namibia

sponsored efforts to get south

Africa to withdraw from Namibia.

He said African states insisted

on Namibian resolution based on

the three-year-old U.N. inde-

pendence plan "without streng-

thening, modification or any pre-

varication." The United States,

Canada, Britain, France, and

West Germany, as members of a

U.N.-backed Namibia "Contact

Group," have suggested streng-

thening the U.N. plan by adding constitutional safeguards for

Namibia's whites and other

minorities. Britain and Canada

But Mr. Mugabe declared: "We

are opposed to any effort to insti-

tute so-called confidence-building

measures which, in reality, are

aimed at perpetuating the inter-

ests of the racist South African

regime in its continued occupation

deny Australian press reports that

Prime Minister Margaret

British officials acted swiftly to

of Namibia."

are Commonwealth members.

three days of mourning had been declared and that the funerals would be held tomorrow.

'The brave fighters of the Islamic homeland will face the enemy with yet greater firmness," the broadcast declared, adding that the three men with military rank were posthumously pro-

The forces spokesman said the Iranian army was consolidating its position in the war and the dead leaders would be replaced in the next few days.

Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, commander-in-chief of the armed

Thatcher was trying to cut off

interview last night that nothing

should be done to "impede or

impair" efforts by the U.N. and

the Contact Group to solve the

The officials said this did not

mean she wanted to curtail.

closed-door debate at Melbourne,

and that Britain expected South

Africa's defiance of U.N. resol-

utions in continuing its 65-

year-old administration in

Namibia would be fully aired here.

Mrs. Thatcher said in a radio

debate on Namibia.

Namibian problem.

dead men were "valiant and committed servants of the revolution.' The three high-ranking military

forces, said in a statement that the

men killed in yesterday's crash were all veteran soldiers who had served under the Shah. They played a key role in

rebuilding the Iranian army, which had been badly demoralised by the revolution that toppled the monarchy in 1979.

Despite being close to ousted president Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr. they kept out of domestic politics, gave priority to the war and played no role in the authorities campaign against opponents of Iran's religious leadership. Col. Namju, 46, who was less

well known, recently replaced Col. Fakuri as defence minister and represented Ayatollah Khomeini on Iran's supreme defence council.

Col. Fakuri headed the air force for most of the war.

Tehran violence continues

Tehran residents reported continuing violence in the capital today with gun battles between leftist Mujahedeen guerrillas and revolutionary guards.

Muslim-Western relations

Yamani appealed today for cooperation between the Muslim World and the West, declaring that communists and Israelis shared a common interest in trying to frustrate it.

Sheikh Yamani also said harmony between the world's 800 million Muslims and the West was endangered by Israel's presence in Jerusalem which, he said, would not have been possible without

The Saudi minister spoke at the launch of a new monthly magazine - Arabia, the Islamic World Review - which will present events in the Muslim World to Western readers.

Islam as a political force and it could enrich its own spiritual life in

and a source of technology and "as an ally with whom I can fight any threat to me from the unbelievers." Sheikh Yamani said: "No-one can question the need for coop-

obvious reason and the Israelis and Zionists for another obvious

"They are working very hard on Western fears of Islam, to revive memories of the Crusades, to paint Islam in an ugly picture --

beheading, cutting hands, stoning women." Sheikh Yamani said Islamic practice gave precedence to human rights and social justice in a manner unsurpassed in any civilisation.

The Saudi minister said the new magazine, being produced in English by a Saudi publishing house, the Islamic Press Agency, and to which he is a contributor, would be "the ambassador of the Muslim World in the capital of the West, Loudon."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 (A.P.)

 Arab nations denounced today a U.S.-led effort that has prevented the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) from assuming observer status in the World Bank and International Monetary Fund.

Mohammad Sai'd Nabulsi, governor of Jordan's Central Bank, expressed "a deep sense of regret" over the PLO's continued exclu-

Mr. Nabulsi spoke for the Arab He said the rules of the two

institutions have been bent and twisted so as to bar PLO membership and added that the actions have raised questions about the integrity of the two institutions. The PLO, which has been an

not a financial entity.

Sadat wants own version

of Palestinian government

5-year plan AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) — The be achieved by the new economic cabinet today approved the new plan is 11 per cent annually. five-year plan (1981-85) which

Also upon directives of His

Majesty King Hussein, the cabinet

decided to allocate the following

funds for the city of Irbid and its

governorate: JD 200,000 will go

to Irbid Municipality, JD 20,000

calls for total investments of JD 3,300 million in various sectors. Of the total investments, 61 per cent has been allocated for the central government and public

institutions while 39 per cent will go to the private and semigovernment sectors. Priority in allocating these investments was given to com-

to the Irbid refugee camp, JD 10,000 for the Husn refugee modity producing projects, public total economic growth expected to ernorate yesterday.

Cabinet approves

camp, JD 10,000 for the Al Hussein Home for the Aged, JD 25,000 for sports clubs, JD 40,000 and social services, infrastructure for charitable societies and JD and projects which would boost 20,000 for mosques. King Hussein Jordan's economic integration announced the donations during with other Arab countries. The his inspection visit to Irbid Gov-

King Hussein pays Salt Governorate inspection visit today

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) - His refugee camp and presidents of Majesty King Hussein will visit Salt on Thursday on the next of a series of inspection tours of various governorates.

The King will speak at a public rally to be held at the playground of the government secondary school in the city, and will listen to addresses by Governor Mohammad Al Khatib: representatives of Salt Governorate at the National Consultative Council: heads of the municipal and village councils of South Shuneh, Fuheis and Bag'a clubs and societies.

Jordanian Journalists' Association President Mahmoud Al Kaved will also deliver a speech at the gathering.

In preparation for the rally, the city of Salt has been bedecked with flags, welcoming posters and decorative banners. All private, government and popular organisations will be represented at the rally tomorrow, according to Mr. Khatib.

U.S. diplomats justify military rule in Turkey

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 (A.P.) - Three former U.S. ambassador to Turkey have predicted that the generals who seized control of Turkey a year ago eventually will follow precedent and return the country to civilian rule.

And former Central Intelligence Agency director William Colby said the Turkish armed forces intervened to "restore discipline" after a rising tide of terrorism and violence. He said he believes they will step aside once they succeed in "putting the house back together again."

The former U.S. officials took part in a day-long discussion of Turkish foreign and economic policy sponsored by the Centre for Strategic Studies at Georgetown University and the International Bank.

Robert Komer, U.S. ambassador in Ankara in 1966 and 1967, said the Turkish military historically has had no appetite for running the country permanently and always has "turned power back to the people."

"I have every confidence they are going to do it again," he said. They do what they say they will do. They have done it in the past."

Former ambassador George McGhee, who represented the United States in Turkey in the early 1970s, also defended the Turkish military, contending that the Turkish armed forces intervene "to preserve Turkey as they

know it." William Macomber, who was posted to Turkey from 1973 to 1978, said he believes the Turkish and security as its victim."

armed forces will relinquish con-

"I don't think you can believe there is a government to stay in," Mr. Macomber said. "Running a government is a kind of business which most people don't join the army to do.

The 550,000-man Turkish army took control Sept. 12, 1980 at a time fighting among leftist, rightist and ethnic groups was claiming 25 lives a day. An army-created national sec-

urity council disbanded parliament, banned political activities, outlawed strikes, and closed three newspapers.

Yamani appeals for close

LONDON, Sept. 30 (R) - Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Ahmad Zaki

massive Western aid to Israel.

Sheikh Yamani said the West had to cooperate with the Islamic World because it needed oil and markets. It also had to reckon with

contact with Islamic ideology.

He said that, as a Muslim, he needed the West as a market for oil

eration but two groups are working against us, the communists for an

Mideast faces danger, Kuwait warns as Iraq predicts attack on Lebanon

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 30 (R) - Kuwait has denounced proposed strategic co-operation between the United States and Israel and said it would "draw the entire area towards a new war." Kuwaiti Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Sabah Al Ahmad Al Jaber Al Sabah, in an address to the General Assembly. last night, referred to plans announced during a recent visit to

sion to be blown out of proportion

so as to cloud the facts and draw

the entire area towards a new war

which will have the world's peace

Washington by Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin. The minister said: "We are duty bound... not to allow such an illu-

Such co-operation would once again place the Middle East in the hot-bed of alliances, spheres of influence and cold war." It would also eliminate any balance in the policy of a power which played a major role in efforts to solve the Middle East crisis, he added, referring to the U.S.

The responsibility for "rejecting and resisting this new strategic co-operation" should not rest solely with the states of the Middle East but should be shared by all peace-loving nations, the Kuwaiti minister stated. In related developments, Iraq

also called today for a firm Arab

stand against the United States,

following the strategic coop-

planning a major attack to occupy part of Lebanon.

The Iraqi government newspaper Al Jumhouriya described the accord reached earlier this month as a serious development.

In a front-page editorial quoted by the official Iraqi News Agency. the paper said events since the agreement was concluded showed that Israel" is preparing for a fresh large-scale aggression on Lebanon to occupy part of it and strike at Palestinian commando bases." Al Jumhouriya urged Arab

countries to "adopt a unified policy based on overt and decisive confrontation of U.S. policy and interests in the region by using all resources to deter the aggreseration accord, and said Israel was ... sion."

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

CAIRO, Sept. 30 (A.P.) - The Foreign Affairs Committee of Egypt's ruling National Democratic Party (NDP) has repeated the government's call for the formation of a Palestinian governmentin-exile that would exchange diplomatic recognition with Israel. The Cairo daily Al Akhbar today said the committee, meeting on the second day of the NDP second annual congress yesterday, had recommended that the congress announce its support of "mutual recognition between the Palestinians and Israel at the same time, and its support of any dialogue aimed at creating a Palestinian government-in-exile." The call for mutual recognition and a Palestinian government-

n-exile is a recurrent theme in Egypt's foreign

policy since it signed a peace treaty with Israel in

1979. Egypt sees the government-in-exile as a

temporary body that can negotiate with Israel-

over the creation of a Palestinian homeland.

Cairo announces sudden U.S. visit of Mubarak

CAIRO, Sept. 30 (A.P.) — Egyptian Vice-President Hosni Mubarak is scheduled to leave tomorrow for the United States, it was unexpectedly announced today. News agencies were contacted by the government press centre and informed of Mr. Mubarak's departure, but no reason for the sudden trip was given. Spokesman at the foreign ministry and the vice president's office said they had "no comment" about the trip, and a spokesman at the U.S. embassy here said he had "no information" about it. Mr. Mubarak visited the United States earlier this year shortly after President Ronald Reagan took office, to shop for arms, acquaint the new administration with Egypt's foreign and economic policies, and to prepare for President Anwar Sadat's trip to Washington which took place in August.

Mysterious sabotage group strikes again in Lebanon

BEIRUT, Sept. 30 (R) — Unidentified gunme attacked a police station in western Beirut today, killing one policeman and wounding three, security sources said. The reason for the attack was not immediately known. The sources said the death toll in last Monday's car bomb attack against a Palestinian commando checkpoint in South Lebanon had risen to 18. The bodies of three people killed in the blast were found in an orchard yesterday. The French-language Beirut daily l'Orient-le Jour said today a group called the Front for the Liberation of Lebanon from Foreigners had claimed responsibility for the bombing and had threatened further attacks. The front has claimed responsibility for a series of explosions across Lebanon this month in which 50 people have died and about 200 have been injured. The front is considered to be a cover for Israeli agents working in Lebanon.

Iraqis involved in shooting to leave Delhi immediately

NEW DELHI, Sept. 30 (A.P.) — Iraqi embassy personnel who allegedly shot at a group of Iranian protestors here last week will return to Baghdad on the first available Iraqi Airways flight, Ambassador Fadhil Al Azzawi said today. The decision followed strong criticism by the Indian govemment of what it called the "unnacceptable behaviour" of the Iraqis in last Friday's shooting and rock-throwing fracas near the Iraqi embassy. At least 10 people were wounded. Mr. Azzawi said the number of Iraqis involved still was not known. "We are studying with the Indian government how many of our men are actually guilty of firing shots," he told the Associated Press. The next flight to Baghdad will be Tuesday and "by then this study would be completed," Mr. Azzawi said, adding that some "innocent persons were picked up from the street by the police."



took part in the run around the track of the football pitch at the Amman Training Centre near Natour. Each ran'as far as he could, obtaining financial sponsorship for every kilometre completed. (Staff photos by Yousef Al 'Allan).



'Run' to help the disabled

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (J.T.) — Amman Mayor Isam Ajlouni today stood in for His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan at this year's "Sponsored Run" and Open Day at Amman Training Centre of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA).

Mr. Ajlouni fired the gun announcing the start of the run in which 12 disabled refugees-some blind, others in wheelchair-and a total of 82 UNRWA staff members, including Director of UNRWA Affairs in Jordan, John Tanner, participated.

Contributions collected today will benefit UNRWA's activities not covered by the agency's general budget. This includes special services for some refugees, especially those who are disabled, and for summer

camps organised annually for orphaned refugees.

Last year's collection amounted to JD 8,000 and this year's collection is expected to be made known in the coming few days.

UNRWA also today organised an Open Day at the Amman Train-

ing Centre. There were displays of arts, crafts, audio-visual aids and books, as well as some folk dances and plays staged by refugee children of UNRWA schools and sports events and competitions among UNRWA schools in Jordan.



The 94 contestants included four deaf mutes (one of them seen to the right), who helped one of the two blind participants. The contestant in wheelchair was one of six partially paralysed.



Amman Mayor Isam Ailouni fires the gun (above) to start this year's UNRWA 'Sponsored Run,' and

congratulates a blind participant who succeeded in completing the run (below).



JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

Cairo (EA)

...... Frankfurt (LH)

. Cairo

JORDAN TELEVISION FOR THURSDAY

CHANNEL 3

| | Koran |
|----------|--------------------|
| 3:10 | Cartoons |
| 3:25 | Sindbad |
| 3:50 | Soccer |
| 5:30 | Children's Film |
| 7:00 Com | petition Programme |
| 7:35 | Fact for Life |
| 8:00 | News in Arabic |
| | Arabic Play |
| | News Summary |
| | |

CHANNEL 6

| 6:00 | French Programme |
|--------------|--------------------|
| 7:00 | News in French |
| 7:30 | News in Hebrew |
| 8:30 | The Muppet Show |
| 9:10 | Testament of Youth |
| 10:00 | News in English |
| 10:15 | Movie of the Week |
| ************ | "The Far Country" |
| | • |

FOR FRIDAY

CHANNEL 3

| 10:00 Когал |
|-------------------------------|
| 10:20 Children's programme |
| 11:00 Religious programme |
| 12:50 Forest Ranger |
| 13:45 Barriers |
| 14:15 Soccer |
| 15:03 Play Guitar |
| 16:35 CHiPS |
| Direction of the Came |
| 17:30 Science and Life |
| 18:00 Western Theatre |
| 18:30 Feature Film |
| 19:30 Religious Programme |
| 20:00 News in Arabic |
| 20:30 Arabic Series |
| 21:30 Local Variety Programme |
| 22:00 Arabic series |
| 23:00 News in Arabic |
| CHANNEL 6 |

| | 1432 0 |
|----------|------------------|
| 6:00 | French Programme |
| 7:00 | News in French |
| | News in Hebrew |
| 8:30 | Mixed Blessings |
| 9:00 ,., | Nero Wolfe |
| 10:00 | News in English |
| 10:15 | Skag |
| | |

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FOR THURSDAY

| 7;00 Sign on |
|-------------------------------|
| 7:01 Morning Show |
| 7:30 News Bulletin |
| 7:40 Morning Show |
| 10:00 News Summary |
| 10:03 Pop Session |
| 11:00 Signing off |
| 12:00 News Headlines |
| 12:03 Don Section |
| 13:00 News Summary |
| 13:03 Pop Session |
| 14:00 News |
| 14:10 Instrumentals |
| 14:30 Morecambe and wise show |
| 15:00 Concert Hour |
| |

News Summar

Instrumenta

16:00

16:03

| Melody Time | 17:90 |
|------------------|-------|
| Pop Šessio | |
| News Summar | |
| Jordan in Histor | 18:03 |
| Theatre 4 | 18:30 |
| News Desk | |
| Music | |
| Evening Show | |
| News Summary | |
| Evening Show | 21:03 |
| Close down | 22:00 |

FOR FRIDAY

| 7:00 | Sign on |
|---------|------------------|
| 7:01 | |
| | News Bulletin |
| 7:40 | Morning Show |
| 10:00 | News Summary |
| 10:03 | Pop Session |
| I1:00 I | isteners' Choice |
| 12:00 | News Headlines |
| 12:03 | Friday Special |
| | News Summary |
| 13:03 | Pop Session |
| 14:00 | News |
| 14:18 | Instrumentals |
| 14:30 | In Concert |
| 15:00 | Concert Hour |
| | News Summary |
| 16:Óɔ, | Instrumentals- |
| 16:30 | . Old Favourites |
| | Pop Session |
| 18:00 | News Summary |
| 18:30 | Top Twenty |
| 19:00 | News Desk |
| | f Arabian Music |
| | Andalucia |
| 20:30 | |
| 21:00 | |
| 22:00 | Close down |

FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Classical Record Review 04:45 Financia News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 Music from Scotland 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Nature Notebook 06:40 The Farming World 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News; Summary 07:30 Serenade 07:45 Network U.K. 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 One in Ten 08:30 John Peel 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Rock Salad 10:15 Theme and Variations 10:30 My Music 11:00 World News: News about Britain 11:15 Meet... 11:30 Business Matters 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Top Twenty 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Network U.K. 13:45 The Pleasure's Yours 14:30 Discovery 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News: Commentary 16:15 Diabetes 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News 17:09 Meridian 17:40 Waveguide 17:45 Sports Round up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Brain;

of Britain 1981 19:00 Outlook:

News Summary; Stock Market

Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 Report on Religion 20:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 A Jolly Good Show 21:15 Ulster Newsletter 21:20 In the 22:00 World News; The World Today 22:25 Book Choice 22:30 Financial News 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News: Commentary 23:15 Merchant Navy Programme 23:36

FOR FRIDAY

SELECTED CHANGES

| | Sign on | | |
|-----|------------------------|---|--------------|
| 1 | Morning Show | | |
| 0 | News Bulletin | | |
| | Morning Show | | 04:30 |
| O(| News Summary | | Oper |
| O. | 3 Pop Session | | Musi |
| Œ | Listeners' Choice | | 13000 |
| |) News Headlines | | The |
| | Friday Special | | iness |
| M | News Summary | | ·lette |
| 01 | Pop Session | | 16:1 |
| M |) News | | Mus |
| | | | 18:3 |
| 70 | Instrumentals | | |
| æ | In Concert | | Netv 21:4 |
| v | Concert Hour | | |
| ۱Ņ. | News Summary | | From |
| U | Instrumentals | | Min |
| .St | Old Favourites | | |
| Q | Pop Session | | V |
| o | News Summary | | |
| 31 | Top Twenty | | GM |
| | News Desk | | 03:3 |
| | World of Arabian Music | • | |
| Œ |) Andalucia | | New |
| 31 | 3 Special Feature | | tene |

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1413 KHz

FOR THURSDAY

| News Bulletin | • |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Morning Show | 04:30 Letter from London 5:30 |
| News Summary | Operetta 06:30 The Rewards of |
| Pop Session | Music 07:45 Merchant Navy Prog- |
| Listeners' Choice | ramme 08:15 Divertimento 08:30 |
| News Headlines | The Rewards of Music 10:30 Bus- |
| Friday Special | iness Matters 11:25 Ulster News- |
| News Summary | letter 12:15 Jazz for the Asking |
| Pop Session | 16:15 Science in Action 17:09 My |
| News | Music 17:40 The Week in Wales' |
| Instrumentals | 18:30 The Rewards of Music 21:00 |
| In Concert | Network U.K. 21:15 Music Now |
| | 21:45 Letter from London 23:15 |
| News Summary | From the Weeklies 23:30 Thirty |
| Instrumentals- | Minute Theatre |
| Old Favourites | |
| Pop Session | VOICE OF AMERICA |
| News Summary · | TOTAL OF AMERICA |
| Top Twenty | |
| News Desk | GMT — |

30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 ws, pop music, features, lis-ers' questions. 17:90 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English; news, feature "The Making of a Nation," 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; teports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features media comments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

| ARRIVALS: | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| :40 | |
| :45 | Cairo |
| :55 | Agaba |
| :20 | Damascus |
| | Jeddah |
| | Kuwait |
| :45 , | Muscat, Dubai |
| :50 | Doha, Bahrain |
| :55 | Beirut |
| 8 : 00 | Dhahran |
| 0:05 | Abu Dhabi |
| 0:10 | Beirut |
| 1:05 | Rivadh (SV) |
| 1:40 | Cairo (EA) |
| 1:45 | Rawalpindi (BA) |
| 3:35 | THE LAIDSCE |
| 5:35 | Kuwait (KAC) |

16:30 17:00 Aqaba 17:15 . Chicago, N. York, Vienna . London (BA) 18:30 19:10 Cairo (EA) Beirut (MEA)

DEPARTURES

20:00

23:40

23-55 01:00

| 6:00 | . Beirut, Amsterdam (KLM |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| 7:00 | Aqaba |
| | Damascus |
| 7:15 | Beirut |
| 5: <u>F</u> | Cairo (EA) |
| 9:30 | Rome (Alitalia) |
| | Beirut (MEA |
| | Paris (AF) |
| 10:10 | Rome |
| 10:30 | Lamaci |
| 11:00 | . Vienna, N. York, Chicago |
| 11:15 | Athens, Madrid |
| 11:20 | Tripoli, Tuni |
| | Cairo |
| | Paris (AF |
| 11:45 | Geneva, Brussel |
| 12:00 | Londor Riyadh (SV |
| 12:05 | Kryadn (SV |
| 12.20 | Frankfur |
| 12:20 | Paris |
| 12-40 | Cairo (EA) |
| 12-45 | London (BA) |
| 13:00 | Cairc |
| 15:00 | Aqaba |
| 16-30 | Kuwait (KAC) |
| 18:00 | Baghdad (IA) |
| 19:20 | Dhahran |
| 19:00 | Kuwait |
| 19:45 | Baghdad |
| 20:00 | Cairo |
| 20:15 | Abu Dhabi, Dubai |
| 20:30 | Cairo (EA) |
| 01:00 | Čairo |
| | |

FOR FRIDAY

. Cairo (EA)

ARRIVALS:

| 9:40 | Kuwait |
|-------------------------|------------|
| 9:45 Dubai, A | hn Dhahi |
| 10:00 | Dhahran |
| 19:10 | Dainet |
| 11:40 C | nin CEAN |
| 15:35 Jeddah, Me | WO (EA) |
| 15-45 Jeddan, Me | oods (2 A) |
| ,15:45 | Тпроц |
| 16:30 | Cairo |
| 16:45 Trip | oli, Tunis |
| 17:15 . Houston, N. You | |
| 17:20 Kuwa | it (KAC) |
| 17:30 | Paris. |
| 17:35 Brussels | Geneva |
| 17:40 Madrid | Athens |
| 17:45 | Frankfins |
| 17:55 | Caino |
| 18:00 | Landon |
| 19:10Ca | m (EA) |
| 19:35 Franki | mo (EAL): |
| 19:45 | Mr (Laft) |
| 20:00 D.: | us (Ar) i |
| 20:00 Beiru | (WEA) |
| 23:40 | no (EA) |
| 23-55 | Regutad |
| 01:00 | Cairo |

DEPARTURES

| 0:5V | Berrut |
|---------------|-------------------|
| 7:00 | Agaba |
| 8:55, | Cairo (EA) |
| 9:25 | Beirut (MEA) |
| 9:30 | London (BA) |
| 11:00 Vienna. | N. York, Houston |
| 11:10 Atl | hens, Copenhagen |
| 11:30 | Cairo |
| | London |
| | Cairo |
| | Cairo |
| | dina, Jeddah (SV) |
| 16:45 | Tripoli |
| 18-75 | Kuwait (KAC) |
| | Abu Dhabi |
| 10-00 ., | |
| 17.40, | Riyadh (\$V) |
| 10-26 | Bahrain, Doha |
| 17:20 | Danizio, Dona |
| 1.7:20 | |
| 0.4E | Jeddah |
| 5:40 | Baghdad |
| 7-33 | Abu Dhabi |
| | Cairo |
| W:30 | . Dubai, Karachi |
| 7.30 | Cairo (EA) |
| | Baghdad |
| II:VV ,, | Cairo (EA) |

6:00 . Beirut, Amsterdam (KLM)

EMERGENCIES

| FOR THURSDAY |
|---|
| DOCTORS: |
| Irbid: |
| Zarqa: Abdul Karim Al Khashashneh 83022 |
| PHARMACIES: |
| Irbid:3443 |
| TAXIS: |

| Al Mahd |
|-------------------------------|
| FOR FRIDAY |
| DOCTORS: Amman: Hani Hadadeen |
| Zarqa: |
| Irbid: |
| PHARMACIES: |
| Zerge: |

Al Itihad

| Irbid: | 7379 |
|-----------------|-------|
| TAXIS: | |
| Habi | 42201 |
| Al Rainbow | 3724 |
| Al Rainbow | 2202 |
| · Al Jamamah | 6100 |
| Al Sahra | 21200 |
| Al Sahra | |
| CULTURAL CENT | RES |
| American Centre | 41520 |

British Council French Cultural Centre 37009 Goethe Institute Soviet Cultural Centre 44203 Spanish Cultural Centre 24049 Turkish Cultural Centre ... 39777 Haya Arts Centre 65195 Hussein Youth City 67181 Y.W.C.A. 41793 Y.W.M.A. .. 64251 Amman Municipal Library 36111

University of Jordan Library 843555/843666

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30

Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday lnn, 1:30 p.m. MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-

round. Tel. 23316
Popular Life of Jordan Museum:
100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tues-days. Tel. 37169 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of fordan. Jabal AI Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fri-days and official holidays 10.00

a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tues-Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the

Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 330128

FOR THURSDAY

| Fajr | 4:0 |
|---------|-----|
| Suprise | 5:3 |
| Dhuhr | 1-3 |
| | 7.5 |
| 'Ast | |
| Maghreb | 3:4 |
| 'Isha | 6:4 |
| | |

PRAYER TIMES

LOCAL **EXCHANGE RATES**

Saudi riyal 98.8/99.2

| Lebanese pound . | 72.6/74 |
|------------------|---|
| Syrian pound | 58.2/58.6 |
| Iragi dinar | 711.6/719. |
| Kuwaiti dinar | 1189/1192.c |
| Egyptian pound | 371.6/376.t |
| Oatari rival | 92/92.5 |
| UAE dirham | 91.5/92 |
| Omani riyal | 982.3/990 |
| U.S. dollar | 335/337 |
| U.K. sterling | 601/604. |
| W. German mark | 144.5/145.5 |
| Swiss franc | 169.3/170.3 |
| Italian lire | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| (for every 100) | 28.6/28.8 |
| French franc | 60.4/60.8 |
| Dutch guilder | 130.1/130.9 |
| Swedish crown | 59.9/60.3 |
| Belgium franc | 88.6/89.1 |
| Japanese yen | |
| (for every 100) | 144 7/145.6 |
| tion every tool | |

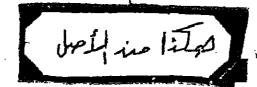
USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

| Ambulance (government) | 1 |
|---|---|
| Civil Defence rescue 6111 | |
| ordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381- | 2 |
| Municipal water service (emergency) 37111- | 3 |
| Police beadquarters 3914 | 1 |
| Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoker | |
| 4 hours a day for emergency 21111, 3777 | |
| Airport information (ALIA) 92205/9220 | 6 |
| ordan Television | I |
| tadio Jordan7411) | 1 |
| | _ |

| Firstaid, fire, police | 7700 |
|------------------------|------|
| Cablegram or telegram | 1 |
| | |
| Telephone: | |
| Information | 1 |
| Information | |

MARKET PRICES

| Tomatoes 150 | 100 | ¹ Paparat | |
|------------------------|------|---------------------------|-----|
| Egeplant | 180 | Bananas | 20 |
| Potatoes (imported)120 | 80 | Apples (Green) 230 | 20 |
| Marrow (small) | 180 | Apples (Red) | 20 |
| Marrow (large) | 120 | Apples (Golden) | 15 |
| Cucumber (small) | 200 | (Apples (Starken) | 15 |
| | | Melons 150 | 10 |
| Cucumber (large)180 | 120 | Water Melons | 7 |
| · Faqqous 130 | 100 | Plums (Red) | |
| Pess | 300 | Temore 170 | 35 |
| Okra (Green) 340 | 280- | Lemons 170 | 13 |
| Okra (Red) 340 | 280 | Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) | 13 |
| Muloukhiyah 120 | 80. | Grapes 210 | 17 |
| Hot Green Pepper 240 | 200 | Figs 450 | 35 |
| Cabbage | 80 | Peach 420 | 35 |
| Onions (dry) | 70 | Pears | 40 |
| Gartic | 680 | Pomegranates | 1.2 |
| _ | | Cauliflowers 200 | 13 |
| Beans | 300 | Barpkins 150 | |
| Dates | 180 | | 10 |
| Sweet Pepper 200 | 150 | 280 | 20 |



deil in lila

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein today sent a cable of good wishes to the Chinese leader Marshal Ye Jianying on the anniversary of the founding of the republic of China. King Hussein wished the Chinese people progress, and expressed hope for further strengthening of ties of friendship between Jordan and China

Tunisian aide due for visit

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) - Tunisian Minister of State Al-Maziri Shuqair is due here tomorrow for a three-day visit to Jordan. During the visit he will confer with a number of Jordanian government officials and will look into the Jordanian experience in organisation and management. The guest will also tour archaeological sites in Jordan.

Ibrahim meets Soviet envoy

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) - Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim conferred in his office today with Soviet Ambassador to Jordan Rafeek Nishanov. They reviewed means of further promoting Soviet-Jordanian relations.

New Zarqa transport plans

ZARQA, Sept. 30 (Petra) - More buses will be used along the Zarqa-University of Jordan route and between Zarqa and neighbouring villages to help solve transportation difficulties in these regions, according to a decision taken by the local district traffic committee today. According to Zarqa District Governor Salem Al Qouda, a number of service taxis will be removed from within the city of Zarqa and replaced by buses to accommodate more passengers along the city routes.

Pilgrims reported safe and sound

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) - All Muslims who left Jordan this year to perform the pilgrimage to Mecca are reported to be safe and in good health, according to Sheikh Mohammad .Ibrahim Shaqrah, under-secretary of the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs. He said in a press statement here today that the ministry is in daily contact with its mission in Mecca and Medina to inquire after the pilgrims.

Commercial bank deposits swell

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) — Deposits at Jordanian commercial banks increased in the first half of this year by JD 59.583 million over the figure recorded at the end of 1980, according to a statistical report issued by the Central Bank today. It said that deposits at the end of last year amounted to JD 808.378 million, which had grown to JD 868.061 million by the end of June 1981.

Institutions lend JD 167m

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Peria).—Jordanian lending institutions gave out loans totalling JD 167.654 million during the first quarter of 1981. Of these loans, the Housing Bank gave JD 107.059 million, the Industrial Development Bank JD 19.561 million, the Development Bank for Municipalities and Village Councils JD 14.281 million, the Agricultural Credit Corporation JD 14.925 million and the Housing Corporation, JD 1.373 million.

Credit group to meet in Cyprus

AMMAN. Sept. 30 (Petra) - The Amman-based Middle Eastern regional federation for agricultural credit will hold a meeting in Cyprus on Oct. 12, Mr. Ibrahim Abdullah, the federation's secretary general, announced here today. He said four representatives from Jordan, and 25 from other Arab countries, will attend the 12-day meeting. The four Jordanians will represent the Jordan Cooperative Organisation, the Agricultural Credit Corporation, the Farmers' Union of the Jordan Valley and Jordan's Central Bank, Mr. Abdullah said.

CAEU panels end meeting

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) — The Council of Arab Economic Unity's (CAEU's) committees on customs and on trade planning and coordination among Arab states ended a three-day joint meeting here today. Participants from Arab states discussed several issues pertaining to Arab economic cooperation. They recommended the adoption of a raw materials index to be used in various industries in member states of the Arab Common Market, and endorsed the final reading of a unified customs tariff index to be used by Arab Common Market members. Also discussed were problems impeding the implementation of the Arab Common Market agreements, and a study of free trade zones in the Arab World. Taking part in the meeting, held at the CAEU's headquarters here, were Jordan, Syria, Sudan, Iraq, Kuwait, Palestine, Libya and North and South Yemen.

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Multi-million dinar allocation for Jerash promises high level of archaeological activity

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, Sept. 30 — The JD 8.25 million in government funds devoted to the antiquities of Jerash under the five-year economic plan (1981-1985) presages an unprecedented level of archaeological activity at the ancient Roman city, the Jordan Times learned today.

A Department of Antiquities official contacted by telephone remarked that the allocation, announced last Thursday at an open cabinet meeting in Jerash, represented "a great deal of money." The department, with its limited staff and facilities, will not be able to spend that much itself, he said; it will probably seek the assistance of the U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) and other international bodies.

Asked if that meant Jerash would see a lot of digging in the next few years, the official said, "There's no doubt about it." But in addition to excavations, he noted the prospect of intensive restoration and consolidation at the Decapolis city, known as Gerasa in antiquity.

Presented with the prospect of for once having enough - if not too much — money, the Department of Antiquities intends to con-centrate its efforts on a selected group of monuments in Jerash, all of which still need a great deal of work. The temples of Zeus and Artemis, the huge eastern and western bath buildings and the northern theatre will undergo restoration and consolidation.

As for excavation, the department official said that the western part of the city, adjacent to the Temple of Artmis and the alreadyrestored southern theatre, would be unearthed. This is an area where the department expects to find "mostly public buildings," he said.

As one of the ancient jewels of Jordan, Jerash is being given special emphasis in the 1981-85 development plan, while other antiquities projects receive adequate funding. The next priority, according to the department official, may be the preservation and promotion of the numerous sites from the Islamic periods found all over Jordan.

Play

*The Amman players present "Bell, Book and Candle," a comedy by John van Druten at the Jabal Luweibdeh Theatre at 8 p.m. Tickets (JD 1 each) are available at the theatre.

Crafts exhibition

At the Hai Nazzal community centre in southern Amman.

UNRWA day

* The United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees will hold a "Sponsored Run" starting at 3 p.m. and Open Day, at 9 p.m., at the Amman Training Centre on Na'our mad.

* Organised by American Centre for Oriental Research (ACOR) to Mekawer (Machaerus) Friday. Meet the registration Centre at

FOR RENT

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contact:

عمان شير إتون يالاس Amman-Sheraton Palace

IN MEMORIAM

A mass will be celebrated in memory of Elias A. Kettaneh on Friday, Oct. 2 at St. Joseph's Catholic Church, First Circle, Jabal Amman.

Please consider this an invitation to all friends and relatives.

Anani, labour inspectors review enforcement work

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) -Labour inspectors held a meeting today under the chairmanship of Labour Minister Jawad Al Anani to discuss the aims and progress of the labour inspection campaign in various industries.

The inspectors pay visits to industrial installations partly to ensure that labour laws are observed in all factories and companies.

It was also announced today that the minister will make an

Tank workers saved from suffocation

ZARQA, Sept. 30 (Petra) - Civil Defence officers in the Zarqa area today rescued four workers threatened with death after they fell into a fuel station tank at Ruseifa.

A Civil Defence Department spokesman said that the four workmen had been carrying out maintenance work inside the tank, covering its inner surface with solvent, when they nearly suffocated due to a loss of oxygen and the inhalation of chemical vapours.

installations in the Amman region tomorrow. He will look into the workers' conditions and pay levels, as well as other related mat-

A Labour Ministry spokesman said that inspectors from the ministry made 421 visits to various industrial and commercial centres in Aqaba, Irbid, Zarqa, Karak and Salt during August. These inspec-tors issued 113 warnings and 34 fines to violators of Labour Ministry regulations.

The ministry's employment office also announced today that it had issued 204 work permits during August, and had given permission to four industrial establishments in Jordan to have their employees work extra two-hour shifts daily.

Tourist map of Amman prepared

The maps show tourist and archaeological sites as well as locations of public and educational institutions, embassies and industrial centres. The maps will be distributed to tourist offices, hotels and other tourist centres.

The geographic centre intends in the future to issue an atlas of tourist and archaeological sites in the country.

AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) — The Jordan National Geog-raphic Centre has issued 10,000 tourist maps for Amman, on a scale of 1:15,000, the first of their type to be printed in Jor-

Personnel officers graduate

AMMAN. Sept. 30 (Petra) - A group of 20 employees from the private sector graduated today after completing an 18-day training course on personnel management organised by the Jordan Cooperative Institute.

The graduates, during a 60-hour training course, received theoretical as well as practical training aimed at raising the efficiency of staff employed in personnel sections.

The institute's director, Mr. Abdullah 'llayyan, distributed diplomas to the graduates.

Nov. 15 set as cutoff date for govit tenders

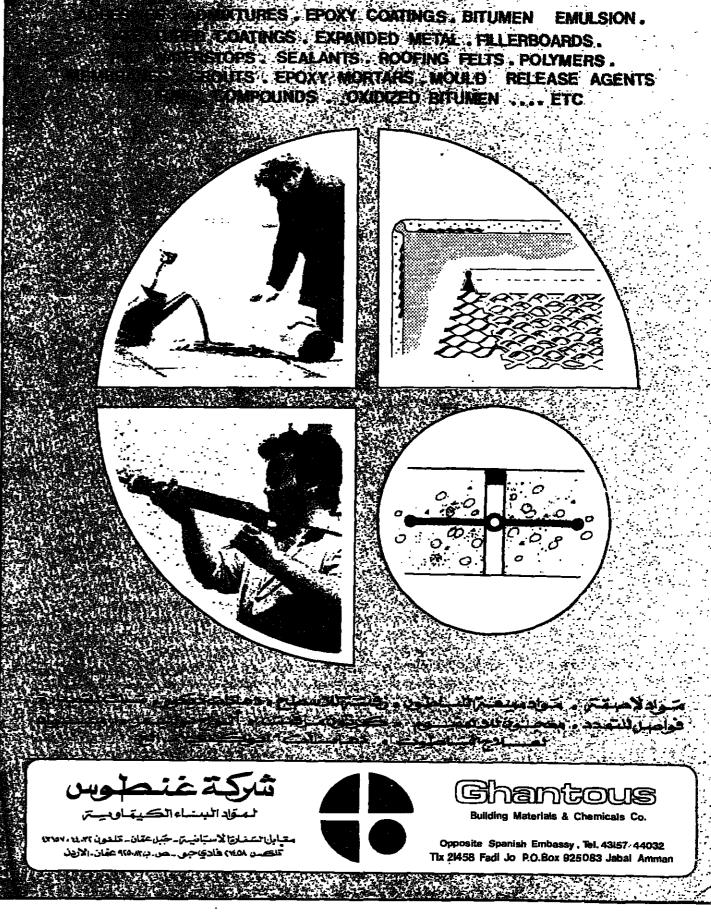
AMMAN, Sept. 30 (Petra) -Prime Minister Mudar Badran today issued a circular to government departments and ministries informing them that no more tenders should be issued for government projects after Nov. 15. and that bids should not be accepted later than Dec. 2.

The instructions, issued in view of the approaching end of the year--which coincides with the end of the government's fiscal vear--said that in extraordinary cases the department wishing to issue a tender should obtain the cabinet's approval.

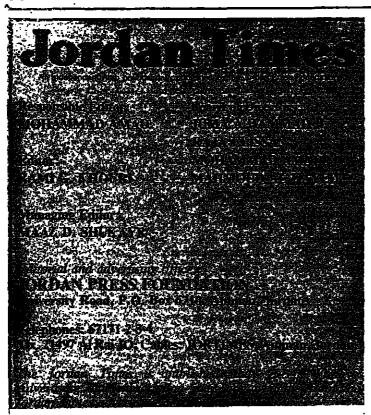
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Steer awayfrom the grave

THE NEW international humanitarian order urged by His Royal Highness Prince Hassan in his address to the United Nations General Assembly this week obviously regards man as an entity that deserves a better future. For, the way things are, a bleak future seems to await mankind--an escalating global arms race, an endless series of wars, conflicts and clashes.

Closely examined, the world situation, as Prince Hassan rightly pointed out, "demonstrates a divergence between the commonly shared aspiration for a world ruled by peace and justice, and the existing reality where power rules and the politics of fait accompli dominate." Attempts at gaining military supremacy are the order of the day; doctrines abound that preach the admissibility of the acquisition of territory by force; big powers boast of their nuclear stockpiles, and many politicians believe that there are things that are more important to the human race than peace. Every development seems to be geared to escalate conflicts and little wars into a global nuclear war, the result of which must be the death of human civilisation.

A new international humanitarian order will "let man learn to be more human." It could serve as the framework within which solutions are found for issues that are "detrimental to the advancement of humanity." It would intensify the fruits of economic and social development. It would, above all, offer "new impetus for a code of conduct in human and international relations" that prevents the burial of the human race.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Solidly behind the leader

AL RA'I: King Hussein's speech in Irbid yesterday re-asserted to the world that there can be no peace or stability in the Middle East region unless our usurped lands and holy places are fully liberated and the rights of the Palestinian people re-established. This assertion also means that Jordan's support for the Palestinian people is as firm as ever and this country's commitment towards the Palestine cause remains unchanged.

The King's speech ought to be understood by all those concerned with the future of this region especially in view of the current moves and the suspect attempts for splitting the ranks of the Palestine people and pressuring them into accepting the socalled autonomy rule concocted by the Israeli occupation authorities.

The Jordanian family under its wise leader believes that resoluteness coupled with affection are elements of solid national coherence which has always characterised the united people of Jordan. Jordan also believes that a display of loyalty and allegiance to the King is a true manifestation and expression of the support for his wise leadership.

We will pursue the march behind King Hussein, who holds the

banner of the Arab Revolt and we pledge to continue the struggle together until our usurped lands are liberated and our legitimate

Continuing the march

AL DUSTOUR: King Hussein's visit to the Irbid Governorate yesterday reaffirmed two basic facts: cohesion on the domestic front, which is characterised by a popular rally behind the country's leader; and Jordan's determination to shoulder its national

responsibilities and commitments to serve the Palestine cause. By stressing to the masses that Palestine remains the most' sacred cause, King Hussein wanted to affirm that any initiatives and suspect schemes which tend to ignore an equitable solution of the Palestine problem and deny the Palestinians their rights to establish an independent state in their homeland are totally rejected by Jordan and the Arab World at large.

By reiterating Jordan's basic principles for an equitable and comprehensive Middle East settlement, King Hussein wanted to voice the country's categorical rejection of the conspiracies being hatched to liquidate the Middle East problem which are aimed at perpetuating the plight of the destitute people of Palestine.

Not only has Jordan been destined to pursue the march of the Arab Revolt and fulfil its mission, but this country has also been firmly determined to honour its commitment towards Palestine and its people. This has always been Jordan's policy since the start of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

. King Hussein's speech yesterday served as a firm reply to all threats or pressures on this country to force it to change its stand. It is also a reminder that the Jordanian people and their leadership are determined to confront the challenges whatever the con-

The latter-day Crusader state

By David McDowall

"THE TRIUMPHS of the Crusade were triumphs of faith. But faith without wisdom is a dangerous thing. By the inexorable laws of history the whole world pays for the crimes and follies of each of its citizens. In the long sequence of interaction and fusion between Orient and Occident out of which our civilisation has grown, the Crusades were a tragic and destructive episode. The historian as he gazes back across the centuries at their gallant story must find his admiration overcast by sorrow at the witness that it bears to the limitations of human nature. There was no much courage and so little honour, so much devotion and so little understanding. High ideals were besmirched by cruelty and greed, enterprise and endurance by a: blind and narrow selfrighteousness; and the Holy War itself was nothing more than a long act of intolerance in the name of God, which is the sin against the Holy Ghost.'

With this marvellous but saddening passage Steven Runciman completed his classic 'History of the Crusades'. It may yet make a befitting epitaph for the Israeli state too. For the Latin Kingdom of Outremer and Zionist Israel are dreams and adventures of that kind. Both have their inspiration in a Western fantasy about the Holy Land. And both have appealed to the same appetite: zealotry, high adventure and greed sanctified by religious fer-

Perhaps Israel will succeed where the Latins failed. But it is unlikely. The Latin kingdom as its apogee controlled virtually the whole of the Levant coastline and most of Palestine besides. Even so, wrote Runciman, "the gay, gal-lant trappings of life in Outremer hung thinly over anxiety, uncertainty and fear; and an onlooker might well wonder whether even under the best of rulers the adventure could endure for long." Israel, too, is probably at its apogee. After 33 years of war it may be immeasurably more pow-

erful than its neighbours in military terms. But it is still anxious and fearful, not merely as a result of its inability to prevent Palestinian rocket attacks on northern Galilee nor because it faces the unremitting and apparently indefinite hostility of its neighbours, but because it has lost its way. And, as the recent elections indicated, it is more divided than ever on which nath it should now take.

In a recent article the editor of Ha'aretz wrote: "There is no escaping the painful conclusion that the existence of the state of Israel - following the wave of enthusiasm it aroused in its first five years - has weakened the attractiveness of the Zionist idea... the patterns of its existence today actually contradict the principles of Zionism." And the dream has not, as he admits, been realised: 'Zionism has not solved the Jewish problem. Despite the change it has undergone, the Jewish problem continues to exist ... and one of its most disturbing manifestations is the problem of the Jews in

The movement of rejection

Perhaps the dream cannot be realised. Like the Crusaders, the Zionists believed that the native infidel would somehow accept the need they felt to "liberate" the Holy Land, and would consequently stand aside to see the apocalyptic dream fulfilled. But on each occasion the opposite has happened; out of the initially chaotic reaction to the alien invasion has grown - slowly, and in the face of repeated setbacks -- a movement of rejection. All the indications are that the present movement of rejection will con-

tinue to grow. And even if the dream can be realised, where will it end? The Israelis, like their Crusading predecessors, have attempted to translate the dream into reality on a twin programme of conquest and colonisation. These are potent forces which cannot easily be checked. But what do such people do once the natives seem to be conquered and the land blooms with military camps and agricultural colonies? The Crusaders solved the problem by further conquest, convinced that the maintenance of the colon-guerrier ethic was the only way to keep up recruitment in Europe (the Latins had the same manpower problem as the Israelis) and motivation in the Latin kingdom. Not all the Crusaders thought that way. There were among the early generations Franks who had established a workable relationship with the local population and who dreaded the arrival of young hotheads from Europe hell-bent upon bashing the infidel. But they discovered how difficult it was to resist the challenge of the young zealots who, having come to establish God's kingdom upon earth, were as intolerant of the faint-hearted as they were of the infidel.

has started to lose momentum and has difficulty in finding new recruits? Will the adventurists prevail with the Bloc of the Faithful to the fore? Will they persuade the government to drive out once and for all the minority of Palestinians still in Palestine; or to launch another major offensive, this time perhaps against Syria or Lebanon? Or will the more mature counsels of Israelis with a wider view of the world prevail? It is hard to foretell. All we can say for certain is that 800 years ago it was the adventurists who prevailed, and it is the adventurists today who have the upper hand in

What is Israel to do, now that it

Like the Crusader state. Israel is closely bound to the Western world. It is similarly dependent upon an external sponsor. Perhaps more so, for where the Crusaders could count upon a wide range of constituents in feudal Europe, Israel can count only upon the faithful in the diaspora, and upon what may yet, despite its longsuffering loyalty so far, prove to be a brittle commitment by the United States. Other friends, to Israel's mind, are as treacherous as were once the Venetians and Genoese, more concerned with commercial gain in the Orient than with the realisation of some lofty ideal. But Israel's connection with the West, like that of the Latin kingdom, is one of perception also, since the state is made in the West's image. I doubt whether contemporary Western views of Israel are significantly more sophisticated than were mediaeval views of the Crusader state. Indeed, mediaevel man called the latter the kingdom of Outremer -- Europe "beyond the sea". Contemporary Western man sees Israel hardly differently, permitting Israel -- to quote a trivial example -- not only to participate in the Eurovision song contest but on one occasion actually to host it. When the Pope was shot four months ago, to quote another more recent example, BBC television news gave coverage to the reactions of Western leaders - and of Mr. Begin. Western Christian fundamentalists look, as they did 800 years ago, to the fulfillment of promise and prophecy, whilst some of our politicians point enthusiastically to the establishment in the Holy Land today of that highest of political institutions - parliamentary democracy -- as their mediaeval predecessors pointed to feudalism then -- shining like a beacon in the barbaric lands of the East.

Incalculable damage

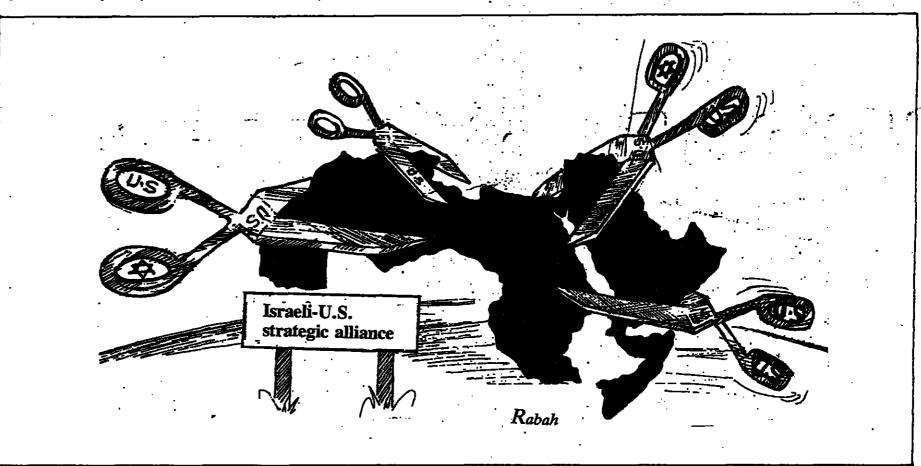
"Seen in the perspective of history the whole Crusading movement was a vast fiasco" wrote Steven Runciman. Will Israel vanish with a similar epitaph? It would be rash to guess. But whatever the outcome of this present adven-ture, Israel has already inflicted incalculable damage in the Near East, not least to the Jews of the Islamic Arab World. In that too, Israel has followed faithfully in the Crusaders' footsteps. Just as the Eastern churches were seduced away from peaceful co-existence within a multi-confessional socicty by the lure of adventure in partnership with their Western coreligionists, so too have the Jews of the Arab World been misled, to their own disadvantage. After the Crusading adventure

never fully recovered that position of trust in the Islamic World that they had enjoyed before it. But at least they have survived. It is less likely now that the Sephardic Jews could regain a place in the Islamic World if Israel were to disintegrate. Zionism, which has not resolved the Jewish problem in the West, has, it seems, exported it to the East. And what of Israel's Arab

neighbours? Perhaps there is a lesson to be learned there too. The massive effort required by the Near-Eastern world to absorb and finally to repulse the Crusader challenge left the region exhausted, both politically and economically. Some argue that the region never did fully recover. Such was the strain on the Saracen war economy, for example, that Saladin irreversibly debased a gold coinage that had remained steady on the Roman 24 carat standard for a thousand years, and economic ascendancy began to pass into European hands. And whilst the Near-Eastern economy was permanently damaged, society in Palestine also changed. Many of those who fought to regain Palestine did not return to their native, lands -- Kurds, Turks, even the barbaric Khwarizmis from the lands around the Aral Sea. And we must assume that many of the indigenous Palestinians never returned to their land. That must be an unhappy thought for today's two million or so Palestinians who have been pushed beyond Palestine's borders by the Israeli adventure. Many Israelis must genuinely

wonder why in 33 years of existence they have not found peace with their neighbours. "War is a judgement," wrote Dorothy Szyers, "that overtakes societies when they have been living upon ideas that conflict too violently with the laws of the universe... Never think that wars are irrational catastrophes: they happen when wrong ways of thinking and living bring about intolerable situ-

- From Middle East International, London



Reagan no pushover for Israel - but slightly conned

The AWACS sale to Saudi Arabia enables President Reagan to show moderate Arabs that he is not a pushover for the Israelis. But there is a strong impression that the U.S. has been ever so slightly "conned" into forming unprecedented security ties with Israel, writes David Buchan of the Financial Times.

WASHINGTON: The Reagan administration's policy on the Middle East is now clearer in the wake of its recent round of talks with Arab, Egyptian and Israeli leaders.

While the administration struggles to push the proposed \$8.5 billion (£4.7 billion) sale of AWACS aircraft and extra F-15 jet equipment to Saudi Arabia through Congress, the main planks of U.S. policy appear to be to let the protigonists make any running in settling their political disputes -- such as Palestinian autonomy and the Lebanon -- but provide military reinsurance to friendly Arab and Jew alike against the Soviet Union.

This includes using the Rapid Deployment Force (RDF) as an umbrella, AWACS cover for the Saudis, and "strategic cooperation" with Israel.

The last few days have put this emphasis of military matters over political into much sharper focus. The proposed AWACS sale figured high in recent White House talks between President Reagan and Mr. Menachem Begin, Israel's prime minister. Mr. Reagan persuaded Mr. Begin to stop short of calling for an outright Con- Aviv envoys

gressional veto of the sale and. then set immediately to work on lobbying Senators considered 'undecided" on AWACS.

Mr. Alexander Haig. the U.S. secretary of state, took time off from pressing preparations for European nuclear arms talks to do a little shuttle diplomacy on AWACS part - first seeing Prince Fahd of Saudi Arabia in Spain and then dashing back for a final palaver with Mr. Begin on AWACS.

Mr. Begin has since refused to comment on Israeli press reports that Mr. Haig urged him to moderate his criticisms of the AWACS deal, but promised to provide details of the talks when the Knesset, the Israeli parliament, debates the issue this week.

The Reagan administration's galvanic activity on arms contrasts with its inertia on the quest for Palestinian autonomy, an issue scarcely raised in the Reagan-Begin talks. Resumption of the autonomy talks this week in Cairo was at the initiative of Mr. Anwar Sadat, the Egyptian president and Mr. Begin. Participation by the U.S. at least in the first round, will be limited to its Cairo and Tel

Mr. Reagan may yet appoint a direct successor to Messrs Sol Linowitz and Robert Strauss, the Carter administration's special U.S. negotiators in the Middle East. But the current betting is that he will not, leaving it instead to the State Department in the ostensible interest of better coordination.

The AWACS sale enables Mr. Reagan to show moderate Arabs that he is not a pushover for the Israelis, as indeed he showed when he temporarily cut off delivery of F-15s and F-16s after Israel's bombing raids on Baghdad and Beirut.

For his part, Mr. Begin may privately believe the sale would at least reduce pressure for concessions on the Palestinian issue. In any case, he has now got his "strategic co-operation". Mr. Begin insisted this was not an offset for AWACS in military terms, but it is a form of political compensation.

It is precisely at this point that U.S. policies start cutting across each other. The RDF can use Arab or Israeli help, but almost certainly not both — and it is basically designed to defend Arab oil fields from encroaching Soviets.

"What is important (for moderate Arabs) is what we are doing for them -- not what we are doing for Israel," according to a White, House official. But reactions from Riyadh and other Arab capitals! indicate that even moderate Arabs make no such distinction. Washington's basic problem is that it can provide military reinsurance for its friends in the Midbut not ultimately against each

There is a strong impression that the U.S. has been ever so slightly "conned" into forming unprecedented security ties with Israel. Mr. Haig himself admitted that Israel was a lot keener on the idea than the U.S. Washington has agreed to discuss joint planning and intelligence, joint exercises, and some stockpiling and repairs of U.S. equipment in Israel, although Mr. Haig suggested that just U.S. medical supplies might be held in Israel.

But Israel had, and may be still bas, more ambitious ideas of collaboration, although it might pause for thought over joint planning if that gave the U.S. a veto on certain Israeli operations.

Israeli officials took their U.S. counterparts aback by citing a Rand Corporation theoretical study, prepared for the U.S. Defence Department, on the benefits of U.S.- Israeli cooperation. According to one report here, the Israelis suggested that the U.S. buy back M/60 tanks which it gave Israel in aid, but keep them stockpiled in Israel repainted in U.S. army colours.

Mr. Begin has in fact been touting closer ties ever since the deposition of the Shah in Iran, or in the words of a former Carter aide "trying to piggy-back on U.S. concerns about the Gulf into a strategic relationship with the U.S.". The Carter administration would not bite - its successor now

Mr. Begin may well be trying

dle East against the Soviet Union, also to drive a wedge between but not ultimately against each Washington and Riyadh. The Reagan administration's two "special relationships" with Israel and Saudi Arabia, if not mutually exclusive, are in some vital respects - Palestinian autonomy

and the Lebanon -- contradictory.

They key reaction will come from Egypt and Saudi Arabia. It can be argued that some of Mr. Sadat's present problems come from an "overselling" of Camp David and his public's perception of too many concessions to Israel for too little in return. It is also argued, by U.S. critics of the Reagan policy, that Mr. Sadat's task in the autonomy talks is now harder and that the U.S. should never have traded away so big a bargaining counter as a tighter security link with Israel in advance of any real progress in self-rule for Palestinians on the West Bank and

The AWACS sale is at present the Saudis' litmus test of Washington's intentions. But even if it goes through, the Saudis are likely to refocus soon on the Palestinian issue. If congress votes the AWACS sale down, their change of heart will be the quicker.

Reagan aides believe the Saudis, and some of the other moderate Arabs, now see the world in a "Reagan perspective." and will thus behave "reponsibly" in the region. But the Reagan perspective assumes Moscow is the biggest danger around, and few Arabs are absolutely persuaded of that.

Uniting to oust the lady

By Rajendra Bajpai

NEW DELHI — India's fragmented opposition parties, which have been in disarray for the past 21 months, are again beginning to feel the need to come together to confront Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's government.

Several leaders have spoken in favour of uniting splintered opposition groups although either a merger or a joint action programme remains elusive.

For nearly two weeks the ruling Congress (I) was on the defensive even though it has an overwhelming two-thirds majority in the Lower House (Lok Sabha).

The storm in parliament built up around the thief minister of western Maharashtra state. Abdul Rahman Antulay, a close supporter of Mrs. Gandhi, following newspaper disclosures that he had collected huge sums for private trusts, one of which was named after Mrs. Gandhi herself.

The opposition quickly seized upon the opportunity and in a blaze of countrywide publicity led bitter attacks on the government, levelling charges of corruption and misuse of government authority in collecting funds.

There were sharp exchanges. angry walk-outs, unsuccessful adjournment moves and finally a no-confidence motion against the government. Although the ruling party easily won the no-confidence

motion it suffered embarassment and a setback to its public image. Throughout the stormy twe weeks the opposition stoo

united, relentlessly attackir

the government. This was the first time single January 1980, when Mr Gandhi dealt a crushing defe to her opponents in geneelections, that the oppositing groups had been able to strain back, effectively against the government.
Opposition unity is not a

dream. It is an absolute Necessity. Without opposition unity the prospects of survival of democracy and economic progress are bleak." said Madhu Limaye, leader of the opposition Lok Dal (peoples party). In 1977, when opposition leaders emerged from deten-

tion at the end of Mrs. Gandhi's 1975-77 rule under emergency powers, they forgot their ideological and personal differences to form the Janata party and handsomely won the national elections.

The victory ended the Congress party's unbroken rule of the country since independence from Britain in 1947. But sharp differences among

the Janata party leaders surfaced within two years and the government collapsed in mid-When Mrs. Gandhi swept

back to power, the Janata party, already divided, fragmented into small groups.

The first indication of the opposition parties' willingness to revive their unity came after it suffered vet another defeat last June in parliamentary and state assembly by-elections.
Syed Shahbuddin, a Janata

member of parliament, says Mrs. Gandhi's credibility is eroding fast and there is need for a viable opposition which can challenge her. But he says no single party appears to be in a position at the moment to ake on Mrs. Gandhi.

However, Mr. Shahbuddin. feels united opposition is possible if "half dozen people in the, opposition sort out their ambitions among themselves."

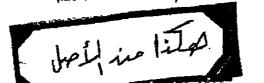
Important elections are due in the Marxist-ruled West Bangal state next year and this is expected to provide the opposition with an opportunity to reach an agreement on sharing of seats to avoid cutting into each other's votes.

But they have more than years to form a united front to face Mrs. Gandhi at the national elections.

The talks of unity moves is, however, ridiculed by the Congress (I) which says a single united opposition will break under the weight of its own inner contradictions like the

"Opposition unity is like a mirage," says Commerce Minister Pranab Mukberjee, adding that a national leader is needed to build a national

"Do they (opposition) have any one like her (Mrs. Gan-



of energy and income for villagers: Firewood: a fading source for villagers in Tabora

As the Third World runs short of firewood, forestry officials can only hope that trees become a cash crop, and that farmers will thus plant and care for them. But now in Tanzania wood is worth money.

James Mpinga reports.

TABORA, Tanzania — From the bustling trading centre of Ngeza to the regional capital of Tabora in central Tanzania a traveller could count over 200 bundles of firewood, for sale, along the road-

These bundles represent both the problem - and possibly the solution -- in what has come to be

called "the other energy crisis". About 90 million rural people suffer from a severe scarcity of firewood and 800 million are cut-

·U.N. Food and Agricultural Organisation (FAO). There are only 10 villages along

ting trees for firewood faster than

ween Ngeza and Tabora, so the 200 bundles on a given day mean that firewood is fast becoming one of the most important sources of ncome for the villagers after tobacco, cotton and honey.

The buyers are mostly tobacco growers, who burn vast quantities of wood to flue-cure their crops, or cart and truck owners who buy the wood to sell it dearer to jobholders in the bigger settlements.

In some parts of Tanzania, where firewood accounts for 80% of the extra-muscular energy needs, women spend up to 200 hours a year collecting wood for cooking and heating, and the distances they must walk are increas-

Even near Tabora the wood and charcoal for sale don't help the average villager, as 15 shillings (\$1.90) for a bag of charcoal is too expensive for a family barely in the money economy.

The only way we can survive in the face of rising fuelwood prices is through establishing our own woodlots," said Alexander Kayila, a small farmer of Magiri village northeast of Tabora. His village has a 2.5 hectare (five-acre) woodlot and needs one five times as big to keep up with consumption.

Tanzanian forestry officials they are growing, according to the believe the fuelwood crisis could be a blessing in disguise, forcing villagers to turn to trees as a cash the 100 kilometres stretch betcrop like tobacco and cotton.

"I believe that Tanzanians can be encouraged to live on forestry just as they live on agriculture," said national forestry director Emmanuel Mnzava.

A nationwide "social forestry" programme has seen over two million seedlings planted since December of last year. The programme is supposed to bring about the rational commercialisation of firewood, making trees valuable because they are worth money.

If the bundles beside the Ngeza road represent a transition from free wood to cash crop trees, then the transition period is particularly destructive, a time of what might be called "unsocial

Traditionally wood has been free for the gathering in Tanzania. In the past women gathered it to carry away 10-kilo bundles on their heads. More recently tobacco farmers and retailers have been cutting trees to carry away wood in their carts and trucks. This market benefits the few, the cart and truck owners who can sell wood to tobacco growers, civil servants and teachers at prices of up to 60 shillings (\$7.50) per cartload. These traders are doing well from the crisis.

Thus the commercialisation of frewood - with the wood worth money on the market but not in the ground — is worsening rather

than improving the problem.

Also, few of the village woodlots are lasting long enough to produce usable wood. Cattle graze in them and trample seedlings: termites attack the young trees and villagers cannot be persuaded to care for something that will not bring a profit for 10 years. "We get the seedlings planted with no trouble: management is the problem," said a forestry officer.

The Bank of Tanzania has started a credit scheme for village woodlots, and similar services are available from the Tanzania Rural Development Bank.

Seedlings are issued free now. as an emergency measure, but forestry officials warn that this policy could corrode villagers' attitude of self-reliance, could reinforce the image of trees as valueless and could hurt the reforestation programme in the long run.

If the programme succeeds, if Tanzania moves through this "unsocial" transition period into an era of social forestry, then women might no longer face the long marches carrying wood, but might instead become woodlot managers. But the change must begin now. FAO estimates that by the year 2000, 140 million rural Third World villagers will be seriously short of firewood, and 2.2 billion will be removing wood faster than it grows.



A young boy selling charcoal made by him and his friends. Forest officials fear that the issue of free

seedlings may alter the villager's attitude of self-

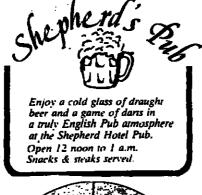
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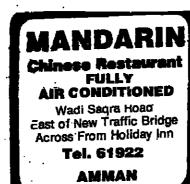












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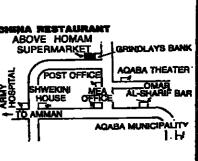
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JORDAN T.V. Programme Dep.



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JORDAN TELEVISION FOREIGN PROGRAMME JTV 6

1/10/1981 -31/12/1981

8:30 P.M. PROGRAMMES

Saturday:

Tuesday: Benson

Yes Minister

New episodes of the old 7:20

This new comedy series draws its humour from the offices of a cabinet minister and his permanent secretary. Set in the corridors of power in London's Whitehall and Westminster, much care and research has gone into making the background themes and relationships as authentic as

Wednesday: Fawity Towers

The events of this comedy series take place in a small 8:30 suburban hotel. The relationship between the owners of the hotel (Mr. Fawity and his wife) on one side and the customers and hotel employees on the other are depicted and presented.



YES MINISTER

Sunday: Focus Thursday:

(local production)

Weekly programme presents different topics. While some episodes concentrate popular programme. on local celebrities, others focus on educational or cultural activities taking place

Friday:

The Muppet Show

New episodes of this

Mixed Blessings

Monday: Chintz

in Jordan.

New episodes about mixed marriages. She's The series is a story of black, he's white. Author Sid husband and wife after 15 Green says: "I want to show years of an unproductive the difficulties that young marriage. The series dipicts . people experience when different situations for both they get married, and the the husband and the wife and presents their reactions extra difficulties that occur to these comic situations. in a mixed marriage.'

THURSDAY FRIDAY WEDNESDAY TUESDAY **SATURDAY** MONDAY SUNDAY 6:30 FRENCH PROGRAMME 7:00 NEWS IN FRENCH 7:30 NEWS IN HEBREW 7:45 ECONOMICS MAKE EASY THE WHYS & THE WHEREFORES SCIENCE VARIETIES ZERO ONE VARIETIES AIR 3:00 NEWS IN ARABIC MIXED THE MUPPET CHINTZ FAWLTY TOWERS YES BENSON BLESSINGS MINISTER SHOW THE OTHER ARE THE CAFFER THE FLAME SATURDAY TESTAMENT OF CHURCHILL & REES OF THIK COSMOS YOUTH 9:00 SHOW NERO RED LETTER LADY KILLERS DOCUMENTARY THERESE RAQUIN WOLFE REMEMBER NELSON 10:00 **NEWS IN ENGLISH** 10:15

BEST

NEWS SUMMARY IN ARABIC

9:10 P.M.

MAGNUM

THE LOVE

The Flame Trees of Thika

The seven episodes tell of a pioneer family's first year in East Africa, as recounted in the memoires of their they had for centuries.

FEATURE

11:05 11:15

Sunday:

Monday:

Churchill and the Generals (One 165 minute prog-ramme) century's most famous mur-derers. ramme)

This production is historical for two reasons: It provides a very realistic account of Winston Chureleven-year-old daughter, chill's military and personal Elspeth. For her, Africa was relationships with his genanother world in which peo- erals and it is the biggest ple lived close to nature, as single drama ever produced by BBC Television.

PROGRAMMES

B. Lady Killers

TRAPPER

JOHN M D

This series tells the story

C. Remember Nelson

A four-part series which shows Nelson first as seen by his wife Fanny; then by Sir Hamilton, the husband of Nelson's mistress Emma, then by his longtime friend

and captain, Thomas Hardy, and finally by a lower-deck

Trafalgar.

MOVIE OF

THE WEEK

Tuesday: Documentary

gunner during the battle of

Various subjects. The first three weeks are devoted to "Rich World, Poor World," a series of three one-hour films which examine world poverty. On Oct. 22 and 23, 1981, 25 leaders from both the rich and poor worlds will

meet in Mexico in a unique

conference. This is a world summit with only one thing on the agenda - the survival of mankind.

Wednesday: Trapper, John M.D.

Medical cases and their treatment in hospital, with some social dramas.

Thursday: A. Testament of Youth

A drama of five episodes about the story of Vera Brittains, daughter of a wellto-do North England businessman. At Oxford University, after the war and the tragedies that followed. Vera decided to leave Oxford to become a writer and work for peace and the League of Nations.

B. Therese Raquin.

The famous story of Emile Zola. The story of Therese Raquin, her relation with her sick husband and his mother, her love affair with Laurent, their life after the murder they committed, and the unexpected end.



PROGRAMMES_ 10:15 P.M.

Saturday: Feature Film

selected so as to include classical and modern movies.

The Love Boat

Sunday:

New episodes of this fullof-love programme.

The Protector

New episodes of this fullof-action programme.

Tuesday: **Bestsellers**

The series have been selected very carefully. The first of these selections will be "A Town like Alice," filmed in Malaya, London, Scotland and Australia with a splendid cast of stars. It is a story of overpowering emo- 80's.

war-torn romance seagainst the brutal chaos of World War II. Wednesday:

tions and a production of

overwhelming proportions.

The gripping drama of a

Cosmos

A new science series about space.

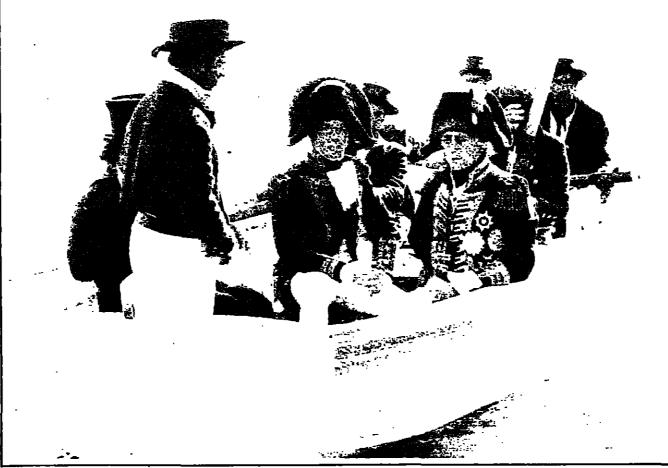
Thursday: Movie of the Week.

Monday: Magnum, Friday: Skag

This new series of si episodes tells the story of Polish family living in th United States. The father Skag - works as a forema at Pittsburgh steel mill. He i well-liked by his crew men bers. His eldest son, David works in Skag's crew at th mill. It has been said that "All in the Family" was trend-setter in the 70's, Ska might well set a trend for the



TESTAMENT OF YOUTH



Seoul site for 1988 Olympics

BADEN-BADEN, Sept. 30 (R) - The International Olympics Committee (IOC) awarded the 1988 Summer Olympic Games to the South Korean capital of Seoul today, IOC President Juan Antonio Samaranch announced.

The Winter Olympics that year will be held in the Canadian city of Calgary, he added.

It will be the first time since 1932 that both events will be held outside Europe.

Seoul received 52 votes compared with 27 for its nearest rival, the industrial Japanese city of Nagoya.

Previous Olympics in Japan were the 1964 summer games in Tokyo and the 1972 winter games at Sapporo.

Calgary, on the eastern edge of the rocky mountains, won a threecornered battle for the winter games against Falun, Sweden, and the Italian alpine resort of Cortina d'Ampezzo.

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Hence TCC has clarified the possibility of susmission other alternative systems suitable for this project.

Detailed information can be obtained from the Secretary of Tender Committee at TCC Headque firs, Jabal Amman, Third Circle.

Eng. Mohammad Shahid Ismail Director General

W. Indian Kallicharan to play cricket in S. Africa

- West Indian test cricketer Alvin Kallicharan has signed a two-years contract to play and coach in South Africa. It was

announced today.
Transvaal Cricket Council chairman Ali Bacher said Kallicharan, 32, from Guyana, who has played 66 test matches for the West Indies, would play for the province in the Currie Cup, South Africa's premier cricket competition. His first game for Transvaal

would be in two week's time in an annual triangular tournament between last season's three top teams, Bacher said.

When he is not required for Transvaal, Kallicharan will play

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 30 (R) for a team in the Transvaal Premier League.

Cricket in South Africa is dominated by whites with only a sprinkling of Indians and the occasional Black gaining a place in the top league sides. Bacher, who captained South

Africa before they were excluded from test cricket because of the republic's policy of apartheid (race separation), praised Kallicharan for having the courage to "defy the anti-South African elements who fail to recognise our establishment of non-racial cricket here."

Kallicharan, who is of Indian descent, was overlooked recently by the West Indian selectors for the forthcoming tour of Australia.

Lauda returns to racing

PARMA, Italy, Sept. 30 (A.P) - Former world Formula-One champion Niki Lauda today announced that he is returning to auto racing after a two-year retirement.

The Austrian ace said he will be driving for the Italian parmalatcommercial sponsor but added he had not yet decided which team to

Parmalat, a dairy company of Parma which had contracted Lauda. since 1974, sponsored the Brabham team this year. Earlier this month Lauda had tested a McLaren racer on the

Donnington track and reportedly received a 3-million-dollar bid to race with McLaren next season. "The test with McLaren was a test for the driver Lauda, not for the

racer," Lauda said. "I feel I could successfully return to the races. I still have a heart for driving," Lauda said.

The Austrian had announced his withdrawal on Sept. 9, 1979. during trials for the Canadian Grand Prix, saying he was "tired of

L'Arc de Triomphe race threatened

PARIS, Sept. 30 (R) - Just four days before the Prix de L'Arc de Triomphe at Longchamp, there is still no settlement of the dispute which could force the cancellation of Europe's richest race. The communist-led C.G.T. trades union is insisting that the French

Racecourse Association, the major employer in the sport, accept a new collective bargaining agreement before Saturday.

A last-ditch meeting is now planned between the two sides tomorrow at the Ministry of Labour.

After today's second forfeit stage, 29 horses were still in the race. Most of the horses in the \$370,000 event now have jockeys and an interesting booking is that of Walter Swinburn junior for Gan of Dunloe. He should have been on the Aga Khan's Shergar who was retired from racing at the beginning of the week.

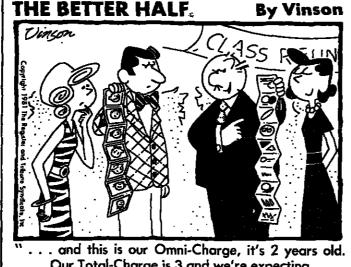
Swinburn's father, Wally, who rode successfully in France for some years teams up with Blue Wind, the brilliant winner of both the Epsom and Irish Oaks.

Uruguayan soccer officials accused of bribing Peruvian footballers

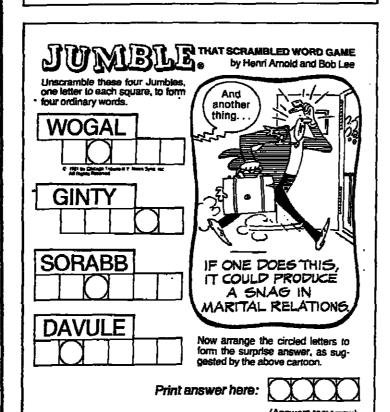
MONTEVIDEO, Sept. 30 (R) — The government has launched an investigation following press allegations that Uruguayan football officials tried to bribe Peruvian players before World Cup qualifying match in Lima earlier this month.

Interior Minister Yamandu Trinidad said today the government would take exemplary measures against anyone found guilty of involvement or against those guilty of fabrication if the allegations.

The match on September 6 ended in a goalless draw, clinching Peru's place in the World Cup finals in Spain next year and ending Uruguay's hopes of qualifying.



Our Total-Charge is 3 and we're expecting an Ultra-Charge in 5 months."



Jumphes: ONION LISLE HOURLY SKEWER

Answer: What she didn't like about the Peeping Tom—HIS "LOOKS"

Yesterday's

Korchnoi protests against report by TASS

MERANO, Italy, Sept. 30 (R) — son Igor who is serving a 30-match against Soviet world journalists later and Korchnor's month prison sentence in a champion Anatoly Karpov, which representative said the challenger tor Korchnoi boycotted a meeting with reporters today to protest against an attack on him by the official Soviet News Agency

The TASS report of an article in the newspaper Sovietsky Sport described Soviet defector Korchnoi as bitter and vengeful.

by his press representative, Edward Sztein, said Korchnoi had also received bad news about his

A statement read on his behalf

Siberian labour camp. His wife Bella had told him by

telephone from Leningrad that she had recently visited igor and found his situation very, very

Mr. Sztein said: "The details which he has received have crushed him."

But Alban Brodbeck, Korchnoi's Swiss lawyer and head of his delegation, said the challenger intended to go ahead with his is due to begin tomorrow.

A state of cold war has existed between the two grandmasters since their acrimonious contest in the Philippines three years ago, which Karpov narrowly won.

A joint press conference to mark the opening of the world championships had been zerland. scheduled. It was cancelled after both players said they would prefer separate press briefings.

Karpov, 30, was due to meet

'We have written many, many

letters to (Soviet President Leonid) Brezhnev," he said.

might hold a press conference after Karpov, depending on what

Mr. Brodbeck, apologising for

Korchnoi's absence, described the

TASS article as a most unfair

attack against the 50-year-old

challenger who lives in Swit-

the champion said.

Peanuts









Andy Capp









Mutt'n' Jeff









HOROSCOPE NOT **RECEIVED**

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN €:1981 by Chicago Tribune

Neither vulnerable. East

NORTH **↑** A K Q 9 7 A J 65

OK 1093

EAST

4 5

WEST

48654

+ 32 ♥Q72 ♥ 10984 OAQ5 **♣** J 1097 **◆ A Q 6 2** SOUTH + J 107 ♡ K 3 ♦ J876 **₽** K 843 The bidding:

East South West North Pass Pass 1 0 Pass 1 NT Pass 3 NT Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Jack of .

Waste not, want not-but don't hold onto high cards unnecessarily. Consider this hand from the 1981 Israel Bridge Festival, reported by Britain's Martin Hoffman North's raise to three no

trump was well reasoned. though somewhat aggressive with only 17 HCP. Since South could not bid a major suit over the one diamond opening, he surely held some length and strength in clubs. At most tables the jack of

clubs was led and allowed to win the first trick. When West continued with the ten of clubs, declarer sluffed a diamond from the table, and won the king as East again played low. Next came four rounds of spades. East could afford to pitch a diamond on the third spade, but he was in trouble on the last round of the suit.
If East discarded a heart,

declarer would win four heart tricks with the help of a finesse. But a club discard was no better. Declarer cashed the king of hearts, finessed the jack and took the ace. Now East was thrown on lead with the last heart. He could cash his remaining high club, but he was then forced to concede a trick to dummy's king of diamonds. That was the ninth trick for declarer. When Israeli internation-

alist, Yeshayahu Levit, held the East cards, three no trump went down. On the second round of clubs Levit played the queen. Here, too, ideclarer won the king and reeled off four rounds of spades, but Levit had no discarding problems. He sluffed a low diamond and the ace of clubs! Now when he was thrown in with a heart he could exit with his low club to allow his partner to score two club tricks. The defenders still had a diamond trick to come for a one-trick

THE Daily Crossword By H. H. Reddall

50 Auction 52 Grimalkin 29 Bold cliff 1 Location 5 Religious 33 Pluvial 34 Michael or

forms Richard 10 Summor 35 Calendar 14 Ripped 15 French 36 Princely school family 37 Greek

worker 17 Dye plant 38 Feminine suffix 39 Poor grade members 40 Jumps away

21 Landlord's collection 22 Slip away 23 Presage 25 Rescue

42 Of certain Caucasians 44 Commotion 45 Drains 46 — Minor 47 Stygian

of space

25 Epsom --26 Nautical 55 Natives of 27 Belief an ancient 28 Watering kingdom 58 Prima donna places 29 Dress 59 Walk

60 Chicago carefully 30 Hard coal airport 61 Expectant 31 Very loving 62 Sum, —, 32 - now and ful 63 Onetime then

fur trader 34 Tunes 64 Persian 37 A - off the old DOWN block 1 Male deer 38 Needle case

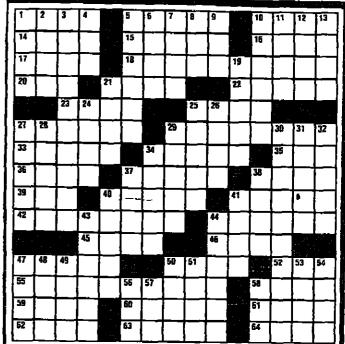
2 Hebrides 40 Back financially What — is island 3 Extinct arthropods new? 43 Get free 4 Sniggler's truthful Quite new 47 Cold north 6 "Yes. ~

7 Wrongful 8 Shade tree 10 Gamish stuff 11 Tittle

craft 49 God of war 50 After gyro 51 Of flying 12 Set up a golf ball 13 Gaelic 19 Author Ira 24 Long heavy

53 Eager 54 Record 56 Mauna --57 Church symbol 58 Water

48 WW II



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MORLD -

China makes bold bid at merger with Taiwan

PEKING, Sept. 30 (R) — China today offered Taiwan government posts in Peking and the right to keep its economic system and armed forces if it reunited with the mainland.

The plan to reunify China was put forward by Marshal Ye Jianying, Peking's de facto head of state, in a statement on the eve of

National day. Diplomats said it was the most conciliatory gesture from Peking since the Communists took over China in 1949 and Nationalist Chinese forces led by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek retreated to the island of Taiwan.

Marshal Ye called for direct talks to reunify the country as soon as possible and promised Taiwan a high degree of autonomy

as a "special administrative reg-

"People in authority and representative personages of various circles in Taiwan may take up posts of leadership in national political bodies and participate in running the state," he said.

He added that Taiwan could keep its armed forces and its social and economic system. Private property and foreign investments there would be protected.

In Taiwan, a government spokesman said there would be no comment pending careful study of

Pakistani troops set free hijacked Indian Boeing

LAHORE, Pakistan, Sept. 30 (A.P.) — The 45 passengers and crew held hostage 19 hours by hijackers here flew home to India this afternoon aboard the same Indian airlines Boeing 737 jetliner in which they had been detained, a-Pakistani spokesman said.

The official said the plane's final destination was New Delhi but it was not immediately clear whether it would stop en route.

The hostages, freed this morning in a lightning commando operation by Pakistani soldiers, were given lunch and sightseeing trips in the Punjab provincial capital before their departure.

They were on a domestic flight from New Delhi to Srinagar via Amritsar when it was diverted by five knife-wielding Sikh extremists, who are now undergoing interrogation by martial law authorities.

Meanwhile, India has asked Pakistan to return the five captured Sikhs, an Indian govemment spokesman said.

No reply has been received yet, he added.

India and Pakistan do not have an extradition treaty but both are members of the ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organisation) and the ICAO anti-hijack agreements providing that cap-tured sky pirates should be put on trial either in the country of origin or capture.

Criminal cases against the five

Sikhs have already been filed in both Pakistan and India.

NATO chief says West lacks decisive leadership

LONDON, Sept. 30 (R) -NATO Secretary Gen. Joseph Luns today accused West European governments of lack of resolute leadership in explaining and supporting a need to modemise the alliance's medium-range nuclear weapons.

"I am unable to sympathise with the defensive, almost apologetic, tactics many allied governments have adopted", he said.

He also criticised the United States, saying the recent decision to produce the neutron warhead was not an example of tact in in the conduct of international affairs.

Dr. Luns, speaking at a meeting of the Atlantic Treaty association, said there was a graver risk than perhaps before that divergences on both sides of the Atlantic might lead to divisions within the alliance.

"As matters now stand in the Theatre Nuclear Forces debate in Europe, the field has been left largely open to the continuing onslaught of Soviet propaganda and to a hybrid amalgam of their Western friends, blissful idealists

and others who by choice, or determined naivete overlook the saddest lessons history has to teach us," he said. "The easy compromise has been allowed to become too frequently and end in itself in Western European poli-

"My own guess is that, in fact, most Europeans will respond, indeed are yearning for, strong leadership no matter how harsh the facts of the Theatre Nuclear Force or other unpleasant situations might be," he said.

Dr. Luns excluded from his criticisms West Germany "whose leaders have taken the counteroffensive with admirable cour-

He said the Reagan administration had allowed the impression. albeit false, to grow that it was reluctant to pursue the subject of arms control and was preoccupied with the pursuit of military supre-

The Atlantic Treaty association holding its annual assembly in London, is a non-governmental body aimed at furthering the goals of the Western alliance.

Lech Walesa says radicals will go

GDANSK, Sept. 30 (A.P.) - The Solidarity congress appeared divided today as it prepared to accept or reject the Communist government's worker-management law.

the proposal. All Communist The congress voted yesterday to overtures in the past have been reprimand Lech Walesa and two other leaders for agreeing to the law adopted by the Polish parrejected by the nationalists as tric-Diplomats in Peking said liament last week. But the resol-Marshal Ye's offer appeared to be ution also agreed that their decidirected as much at the United sion was necessary.

It was not clear how the congress would vote today on a resolution approving the law, which allows the workers to participate with the government in the naming of factory managers. The union during the first part of its congress three weeks ago demanded that it alone appoint the managers.

Mr. Walesa and the two other members of the union's presidium were censured by a vote of 348-189 for "violating the principles of union democracy." The congress objected because the three agreed

tions with foreign countries. Times papers row subsides as compromise seems likely

LONDON, Sept. 30 (R) - Britain's oldest daily newspaper. The Times, is set to resume publication tomorrow if print workers accept proposals for a return to work, union officials said.

States as the Taiwanese who were

They said an outright refusal to

talk would make the Nationalists

appear unreasonably intransigent,

making it more difficult for

Washington to sell them arms.

particularly the advanced military

reunified China the central gov-

ernment would not interfere with

Taiwan's local affairs. The Island

would retain its existing way of life

and its cultural and economic rela-

Marshal Ye said that in a-

almost certain to reject it.

aircraft they would like.

Production at The Times and its sister-paper The Sunday Times was halted last weekend after a pay dispute involving 100 members of the National Graphical Association (NGA).

Australian owner Rupert Murdoch reacted by saying a small group of men was holding The limes newspapers company to ransom and threatened to close both papers unless the dispute was resolved quickly.

Mr. Murdoch joined last night's meeting of print union leaders halfway through and afterwards commented: "I am happy with the way things have gone so far. It is a question of so far, so good."

Mr. Murdoch bought The Times, founded in 1785, and the Sunday Times last February from the Canadian-based Thomson Organisation. Both papers had been shut down for 11 months in 1978-79 over an industrial dispute similar to the one which stopped printing last weekend.

Informed trade sources have estimated losses for the two papers totalled \$7.2 million in July and August this year alone. The Times board is due to review the situation today.

A print union leader at last night's crisis talks said four NGA officials would recommend acceptance of the return-to-work formula" in the strongest possible

The dispute is over a demand for extra money by machine minders at The Sunday Times to maintain a pay differential with colleagues in another union.

Haig says U.S. gives Namibia high priority

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 30 (R) - Secretary Alexander Haig said today that independence for Namibia (South West Africa) had high priority in the Reagan administration and that real progress had been made on resolving the dispute.

He told African states the uppermost objective was full implementation next year of a U.N. Secretary Council resolution setting procedures for the independence of the South African ruled territory. Mr. Haig was speaking at a luncheon of ministers of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), here for the U.N. General Assem-

The United States is one of a group of Western nations seeking a solution to the Namibia question. Last week the group announced it had agreed on a set of constitutional principles and a timetable for further negotiations.

"Since the beginning of my work as secretary I have considered Southern African issues and the resolution of the Namibian problem in particular to be among our government's highest priorities," Mr.

He said the complexity and long standing nature of the Namibia issue made it clear that progress would demand a long and arduous

But he said, "I believe we made real progress". The Objective of the so-called Contact Group was the full implementation of the Security Council resolution in 1982, he said. Other officials have said that aim is to get the complex implementation process under way next year.

Soviet tanks -- no thanks: Polish democracy makes history at Gdansk Solidarity congress

By Brian Mooney

GDANSK - A pattern is emerging from the helter-skelter of the Solidarity congress here -- the Soviet bloc's first and only independent trade union appears to be heading in the direction of mod-

Congress officials say Poles have waited more than 40 years to hold a free union congress and that the 898 delegates representing up to two-thirds of Polish society are in no hurry to close it and in no mood

to restrict democratic debate. This means that despite angry denunciations from across the Soviet bloc, the voice of radicals has been as loud as during the first

stage of the congress earlier this month. But the radicals, who might wish to marshal Solidarity for a direct challenge for power, appear to be in a minority and, though vocal, they are having little impact on the ultimate course of the congress. In resolutions, motions and the draft for the union's programme, moderation generally prevails. Even yesterday's resolution reprimanding the union leadership was quickly tempered by another

approving the executive's general conduct.

The draft programme called for a new order but accepted openly that Poland must remain a member of the Warsaw Pact military alliance and Comecon, the Soviet bloc's version of the European

Common Market. The calming hand of the steering committees which draft the resolutions and documents does not inhibit the debates where nothing and no one, from the ruling Communist Party to Solidarity

leader Lech Walesa himself, is sacred. With delegates still learning the art of parliamentary-style procedure and unfettered discussion unheard of in East Europe, their

congress sometimes appears to be lurching out of control.

One minute a speaker is called to order for running over his permitted five minutes or for talking off the point. Then, at the very next, a motion is read from the restrum on a totally different subject. This new motion sparks a fresh discussion, speakers take the floor and go off at various tangents, and it may be an hour or a day before

the debate on the original subject is resumed. The delegates themselves say they are often confused by the rapid: fire. But the debates, though confusing, are usually orderly and the strict procedural rules are applied with efficiency.

If a speaker runs over his allotted time, delegates will raise their green voting cards in a flurry of approval or disapproval. The chairman then calls for a show of hands to decide whether the speaker should be allowed to continue. Frequent motions are put to the floor calling for an end to the

discussion or for the list of speakers to be closed. Invariably, such moves are rejected in favour of more talk. Most motions are dealt with by a show of hands, but even when the

giant Olivia sports hall is all aflutter with green cards, the chairman still asks the counting official for his verdict. There is a computer centre at the heart of the mammoth indoor

stadium but on the periphery there is all the panopoly of a spontaneous happening. The computer, borrowed and operated by Solidarity, enables delegates to sit before a row of screens and call up information on all

participants. This is designed to broaden knowledge of prospective candidates before the elections for new leaders. If the delegates agree, the secret

balloting will also be computerised. There are other signs of high technology, including Solidarity's own television cameras, simultaneous translation of Polish into English, German and French and a closed-circuit television.

One of the closed-circuit monitors beams the debates to the crowds milling about outside the congress hall. There is a bustling trade in Solidarity souvenirs, artefacts and

publications, and collectors swap rare union insignias and memen-One Western reporter was seen buying a badge there which said in English: "Soviet tanks--no thanks."

A Tass correspondent later expressed keen interest in where he

could obtain such a badge. Soviet journalists are working hard here. One was seen in the press centre painstakingly photographing a collection of cartoons depicting a bear with the face of Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev. The press centre often resembles a student debating hall, largely

nalists to cover the congress. They are often more inclined to debate with those bosting press conferences than to ask what Western reporters would consider conventional journalistic questions.

because Solidarity has accredited hundreds of its own young jour-

standing of his actions, "Nobody should be punished for a lack of democracy. We have to treat the

"There are some things which just have to be done," said Mr. Walesa who appealed for underlast year as undemocratic, we had to less than the congress no instructions, no programme."

demanded without gaining the At the same time, the congress approval of a majority of the approved the general per-11-member presidium. formance of the presidium, Mr. However, the censure resol-Walesa, who celebrated his 38th ution accepted Mr. Walesa's birthday yesterday, pledged that explanation "that making the as long as he remains head of Soldecision was a result of the need to idarity, it will remain strong and assume an attitude before the independent. He is still expected Sejm (parliament) session." to win re-election easily.

Britain stays in NATO, Labour Party determines

BRIGHTON, Sept. 30 (R) - Britain's opposition Labour Party today rejected a call for the next Labour government to withdraw the country from the NATO alliance but hardened its demands for unilazeral nuclear dis-

A resolution at the party's annual conference that would have committed the next Labour government to "immediate total and unilateral withdrawal from all connections with the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation was defeated by delegates casting 5.2

million votes to 1.6 million. The resolution had been opposed by the party's policymaking national executive. Member of Parliament Joan Lestor, explaining the executive's opposition said Britain could remain a member of the alliance and work for disarmament from

She told the conference: "We can be like Denmark, Norway and Canada, who have rejected any nuclear weapon on their soil". The conference passed by six million votes to four million a toughening of Labour's existing policy of unilateral nuclear disarmament that would require a commitment to be included in its next general election manifesto.

But the margin of the vote was insufficient to make the resolution binding on the national executive.

Delegates also reaffirmed the party's existing commitment to close down all nuclear bases. British or American, on British soil or

in British waters. Labour's deputy leader Denis Healey, a former minister of defence who has said he would refuse to serve in a Labour government pledged to unilateral nuclear disarmament, did not speak during today's debate.

The Labour spokesman on defence in the House of Commons, Brynmor John, stormed out of the conference when he was denied an opportunity to speak on the four disarmament resolutions. Mr. John, who opposes unilat-

eral nuclear disarmament, had said previously he would consider resigning his position as opposition defence spokesman if the conference accepted the resolution calling for withdrawal from NATO.

The conference passed a resolution expressing unconditional opposition to the replacement of Britain's Polaris submarine missiles by more modern American Trident missiles, and to the deployment of Cruise missiles or the neutron bomb by Britain.

96 Brownish
pigment
98 Makes secu
99 "A Death in
the Family"
author
100 Branco or

a cask 108 Mine discovery

107 Heron 108 Hay mass 109 Good buy 110 Indians 111 Decorate 112 Holy women:

107 Heron

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Japan invites Suez Canal chief

TOKYO, Sept. 30 (R) — Japan has invited Sue? Canal authority chairman Mashhour Ahamed Mashhour to visit soon to discuss Egypt's plan to expand the waterway, foreign ministry sources and today. A foreign ministry spokesman said he could not comment on a Japanese newspaper report that Mr. Mashhour would ask Japan to provide \$250 million of the 800 million Egypt plans to spend on the Canal's second-stage expansion project. No specific request has been made, the spokesman added. Tokyo extended yen credits of \$1.08 billion at the current exchange rate for a third of the total cost of the first expansion project in 1975-80. The newspaper, Nikkan Kogyo Shimbun, said Mr. Mashhour was due here late next month, but the foreign ministry spokesman said no date for his vait had yet been fixed. The newspaper said Japan wanted to fix its possible credit obligation before Egyptian President Anwar Sudat arrived on his first visit here, tentatively set for Nov. 9.

Reagan moves to stop illegal aliens

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 (R) — President Reagan has ordered the Coast Guard to stop and board U.S. and foreign ships on the high seas to halt the flow of illegal immigrants into the United States. In proclamations released by the White House without comment. Mr. Reagan said the illegal aliens arriving in the United States, especially by sea into the southeastern states, was harming the national interest. Vessels believed to be carrying illegal immigrants would be returned with their passengers to their country of origin. But Mr. Reagan said the Coast Guard action would not apply to political refugees fleeing persecution.

The order applies to U.S. vessels, those registered in other countries with which the U.S. has arrangements authorsing stop-and-search procedures, and unregistered vessels.

Rare Soviet combat account

MOSCOW, Sept. 30 (R) - The Soviet defence ministry newspaper Krasnaya Zvezda (Red Star) today gave a rare account of a Soviet soldier dying in action against anti-government guerrillas in Afghanistan. The paper said Lt. Viktor Losev, a military interpreter with an Afghan combat unit, was killed in an explosion as he tried to save an Afghan officer from a burning armoured car. He was stationed with Alghan troops in the mountains of Paktya province, waiting to intercept a large force of rebels expected to cross the frontier from Pakistan, the paper said. Lt. Losev was shot in the arm during an ambush but despite his wound tried to rescue an Afghan colonel from his blazing vehicle. He was killed when ammunition in the car exploded.

THE Weekend Crossword

ACROSS 1 Minor proph 5 Conclude

5 Conclude 10 Wood strip 14 Near beta 19 "Symphomi Espagnole' composer 20 Pay up 21 Repute 22 Navigation 33 Temperate 26 Thumping 1 27 Scottish axplorer 28 Lover Lat. 29 Ms Tallichie

DOWN

1 Warning 2 Kenya peoi 3 Onetime or Ole 4 — Canais

abbr.
14 Gluck opera
15 Indolem on
16 Self-satisfied
17 Suspend
18 Singer Paul
24 Munchausen

true 25 De La Roche

Diagramless

ACROSS
1 Corgl, for one
4 Aspect
9 — fide
10 Accidental

DOWN
1 Stroke by a conductor
2 Singles
3 Wander about
4 Church iseder
5 Throw
6 Bit of matter
7 Minso

29 Ms Talichiel
30 White sturge
31 Muezzin's
place
33 Uncultivated

4 — Canals
5 Sweet liqueurs
6 Dormouse
7 Gen. Bradley
8 Family girl,
for short
9 Open fabric
10 French commun
11 — Ababa
12 Seneca's robe
13 Papal domain:
abbr.

45 Before dus

group 35 Snivel 38 Felt affection 39 Theda of the silents
40 Touch
41 Unsulled
42 Impertinent
43 Grafting
piece: var.
44 Lab data; abbr.

55 Actress Foch

72 Caught by one's own scheme 73 Highway through C: 74 Inlets 77 Tableland 79 Wind: pref. 81 Wrangle 82 Vists

64 Mile 65 Feather

72 Strong and

80 Make clothes

sturdy 75 Egg: pref. 76 Lette abb

84 Gathered 85 Farewell, Francis 87 Spanish philosophi 89 Puts Into direction 64 God of war 65 Mentions as conditions
93 Satellite's
track
94 Relative
95 Members of a
Royal British 96 Apron parts

17 X 17, by Jody Lett

(formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword) Edited by Herb Ettenson

Last Week's Cryptograms

How and when did people start to call Scottish tartans plaids? Comic monkey rode droll dunkey in an unusual circus. Detour sign at crossroads led touring couple into tourist trap.

CRYPTOGRAMS

1. JOL'T EGL LIFE GYY GIF TIE SOUVITO AL UVE UVITO TIESIFE; AL UVE VITG UVITO V EAUO LVE.

2. SNOOP MERRY YULINMAHLO EHOA: SREI CHUIT TRRIP CRUUHRT. -Br E.J. Livingsies 3. CTT JPMLMJHWL JPMLBWT JCSLBW BC TSBJP

4. NIPUP GIRMUTAC URNAOUP SUFFERS UDKEF-

ERS MIECPA ER LREBUD GUILFO BITAR.
—By Lob H. Jenes





مركنة ا مندلغط